



The Improved H-Mode at ASDEX Upgrade: A Candidate for an ITER Hybrid Scenario

*A. Staebler, A.C.C Sips, M. Brambilla, R. Bilato, R. Dux, O. Gruber, J. Hobirk,
L.D. Horton, C.F. Maggi, A. Manini, M. Maraschek, A. Mück, Y.-S. Na⁺, R. Neu,
G. Tardini, ASDEX Upgrade Team.*

*Max-Planck-Institut für Plasmaphysik, EURATOM Association, 85748 Garching, Germany
+Korea Basic Science Institute, 52 Yeo-eun-Dong, Yusung-Gu, Daejeon, 305-333, Korea*

- > Characterisation of Improved H-mode
- > Stability - Role of MHD
- > Existence Domain
- > Improved Confinement
- > Dominant ICRH in Plasma Core

ITER baseline scenario

ELMy H-mode, $I_p = 15$ MA, $B_t = 5.7$ T, $q_{95} \sim 3$
with: $H_{98(y,2)} = 1$, $\beta_N = 1.8$, $\Rightarrow Q = 10$

“**Advanced scenarios**” (by control of current density profile) aim at
Improved confinement and/or stability
 \Rightarrow lower current / longer pulses at similar performance
or higher performance

Performance measured by figure of merit for fusion gain Q
 $\beta_N \cdot H_{98(y,2)} / q_{95}^2$ (= 0.20 for baseline scenario)

“**Improved H-mode**” on **ASDEX Upgrade** (since 1998)

$H_{98(y,2)}$ up to 1.4 / $\beta_N \geq 2.5$ simultaneously, $q_{95} \sim 4$
with stationary q-profile: $q_0 \geq 1$, low central magnetic shear

\Rightarrow Lower current / long pulse ITER operation

“**Hybrid**” of: steady-state, non-inductive, reversed shear (ITB)
and baseline scenario, monotonic shear ($q_0 < 1$)

Improved H-Mode – Example

Early moderate heating: low magnetic shear in the centre; $q_0 \geq 1$; no ITB

Increase heating at start of I_p flat top: type-I ELMy H-mode, **no sawteeth**, often MHD (fishbones, small amplitude NTMs) but good confinement

Strong heating:

(after $\sim \tau_R$)

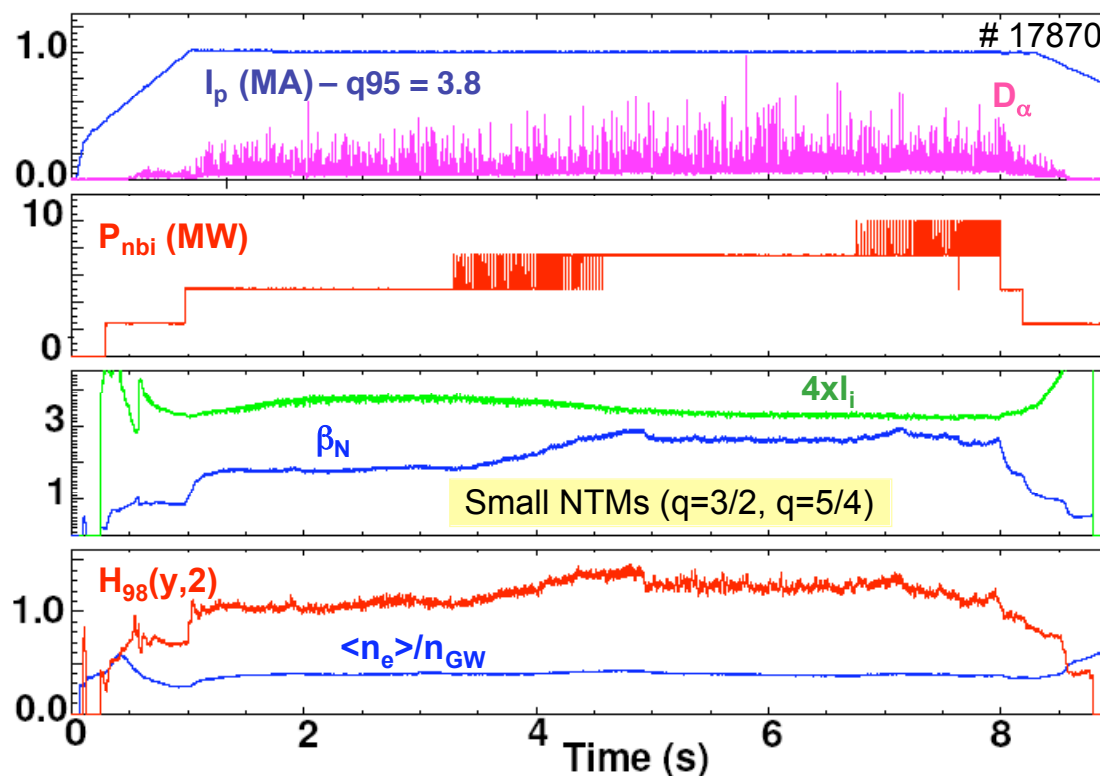
- β_N rises to 2.9 (close to $4 \cdot I_i$)
- H-factor increases
- small drop in β_N and $H_{98(y,2)}$ (NTMs)

For 3.7 s ($= 25 \cdot \tau_E$)

$$\beta_N \cdot H_{98(y,2)} / q_{95}^2 = 0.25$$

$$n_e / n_{GW} \sim 0.4$$

$$v^* / v_{ITER}^* \sim 1.5$$



Improved H-Mode – Example



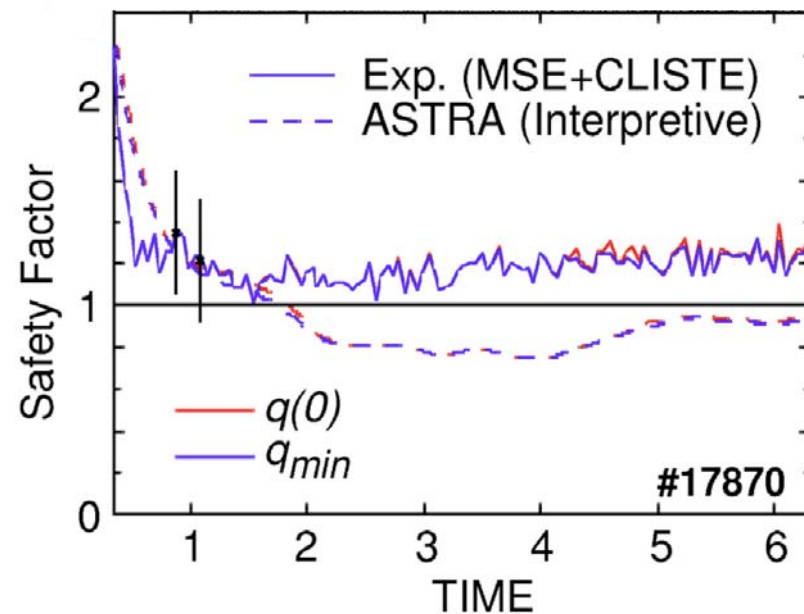
Early moderate heating: low magnetic shear in the centre; $q_0 \geq 1$; no ITB

Increase heating at start of I_p flat top: type-I ELMy H-mode, **no sawteeth**, often MHD (fishbones, small amplitude NTMs) but good confinement

Strong heating
(after $\sim \tau_R$)

Central / minimum q value
(MSE & ASTRA simulations)

- $q_0 = q_{min}$, i.e. no reversed shear
- Simulation, including NBCD from off-axis, tangential beams and bootstrap current, fails to reproduce **measured $q_0 > 1$**



Role of MHD in Improved H-Modes



Stationary q-profile ($q_0 \sim 1$, low central shear)

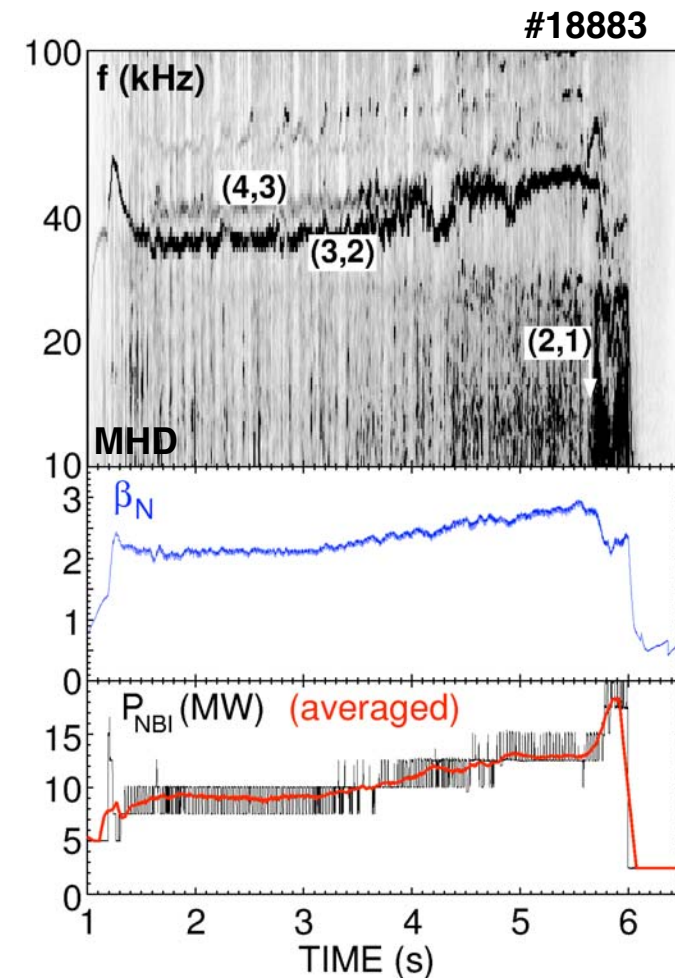
fishbones (not always present)
small amplitude NTMs ?
bootstrap current, NBCD ?

Benign MHD in high performance phase

no sawteeth → no seeding of (3,2) NTMs
low shear at (3,2) surface
→ reduced NTM drive
higher m-number NTMs
→ non-linear mode coupling
further reduces (3,2)

Eventual β -limit (strongly degraded confinement; no disruption)

(2,1) mode, mode locking (see Fig.)



Improved H-Mode – Existence Domain



Parameters scans for improved H-modes

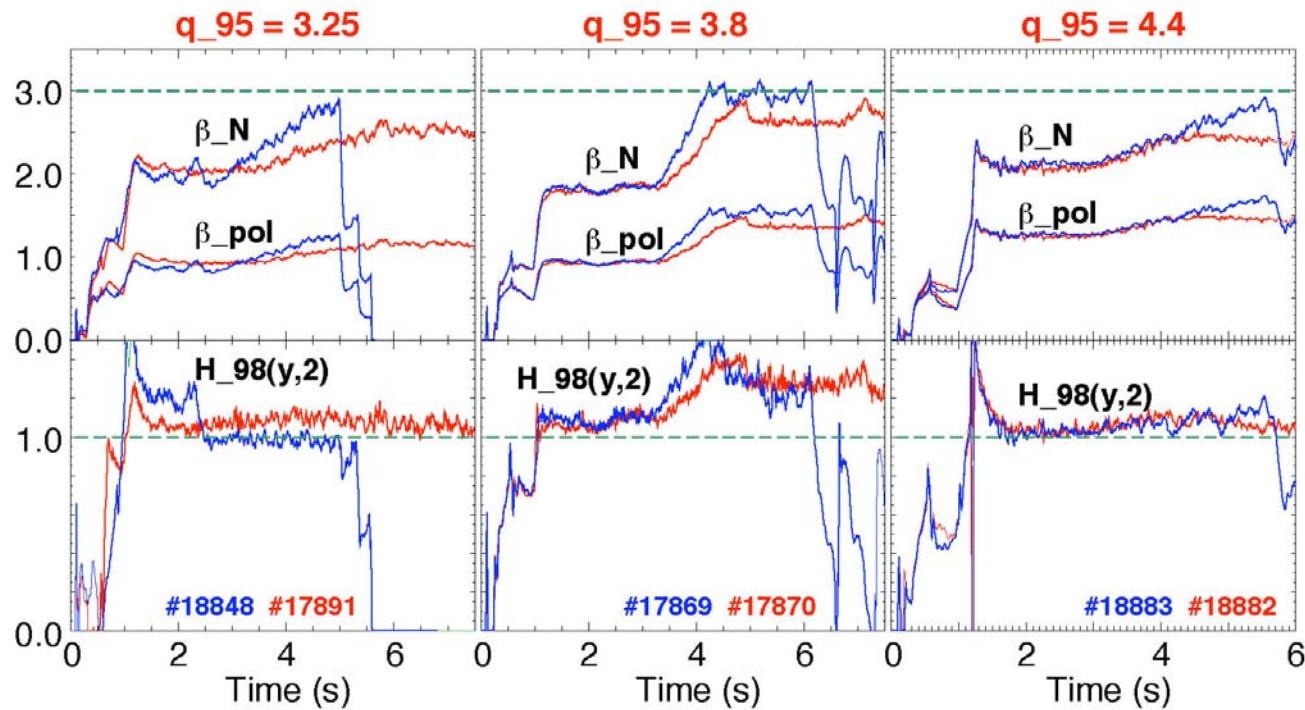
q_{95} scan / high- n_e / ρ^* scan
3.25 - 4.4 / $0.85 \cdot n_e/n_{GW}$ / 8 - 13E-03

Improved H-Mode – Existence Domain



q₉₅ scan (fixed I_p, δ ~ 0.2, n_e/n_{GW} ~ 0.4)

- > power ramps
- > stationary discharge (techn. limited)



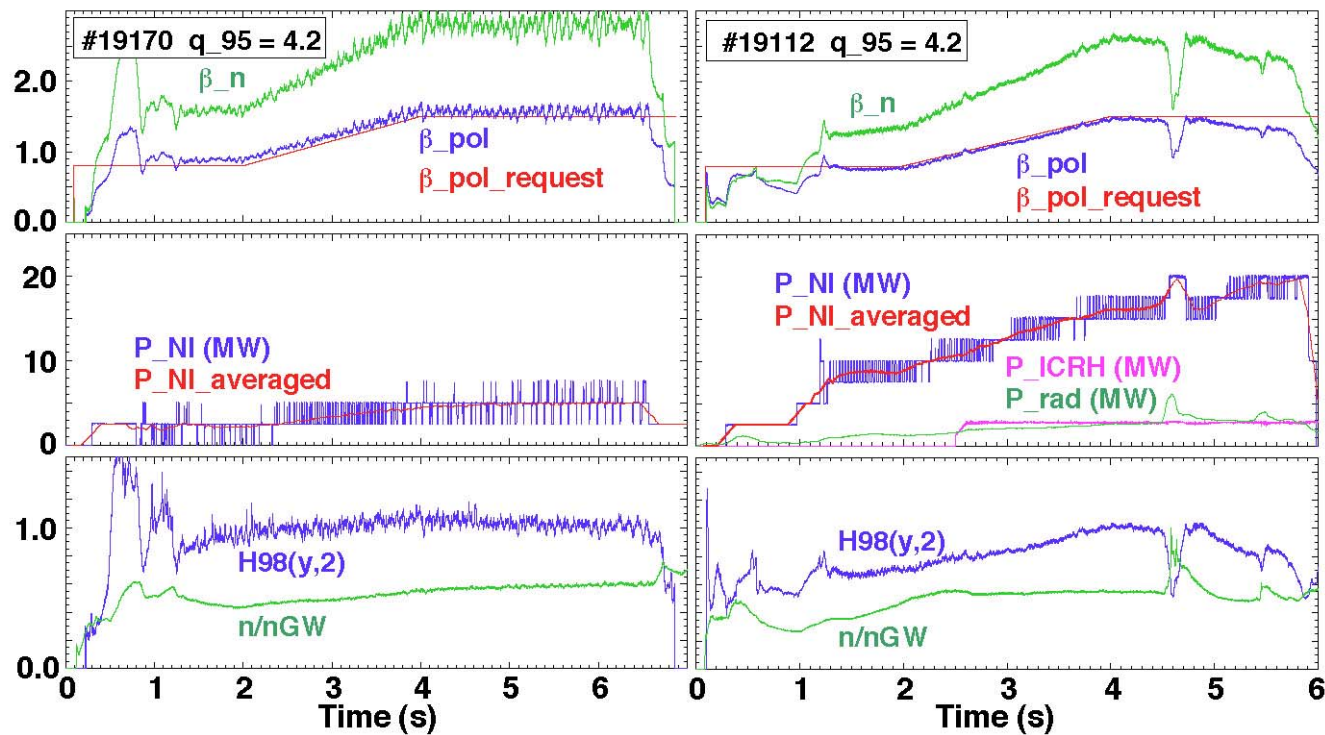
Improved H-Mode – Existence Domain



Max. ρ^* -variation at constant q_{95} , β , n_e/n_{GW}

0.6 MA / 1.4 T

1.2 MA / 2.8 T



Improved H-Mode – Existence Domain



Table: Parameters of selected improved H-modes during various scans

q₉₅ scan / high-n_e / ρ scan*

Values averaged over period with: $0.85 \cdot \beta_{N,max} \leq \beta_N \leq \beta_{N,max}$

#	I _p (MA)	B _t (T)	q ₉₅	dur / τ _E	n _e /n _{GW}	β _N	H _{98(y,2)}	ρ _i *	v*/v* _{ITER}
1	1.0	1.85	3.31	30	0.38	2.52	1.06	7.8E-03	1.7
2	1.0	2.10	3.82	25	0.41	2.81	1.39	11.4E-03	1.5
3	1.0	2.34	4.26	15	0.41	2.55	1.15	11.3E-03	1.6
4	1.0	2.34	4.25	9	0.45	3.02	1.22	10.7E-03	1.5
5	0.8	1.69	3.61	44	0.85	3.49	1.11	9.3E-03	10.7
6	0.6	1.39	4.19	30	0.56	2.80	1.02	12.8E-03	5.2
7	1.2	2.78	4.19	14	0.52	2.60	1.00	8.2E-03	2.5

Dimensionless parameters

- v* close to ITER value at moderate n_e
- ρ_i* above ρ_i*-ITER (~ 2 · 10⁻³) within ASDEX Upgrade:
no ρ_i*-dependence of performance
- n_e/n_{GW} high n_e possible ⇒ reactor relevant edge conditions

Summary – Improved H-Mode Existence Domain



Data base: All improved H-mode experiments during 2003/04, different time slices, also at low heating power; plus earlier high- n_e plasmas

Performance vs. measure of bootstrap fraction ($\epsilon^{0.5}\beta_p$)

Achieved

$$H_{98} \cdot \beta_N / q_{95}^2 > 0.2$$

for $3 < q_{95} < 4$

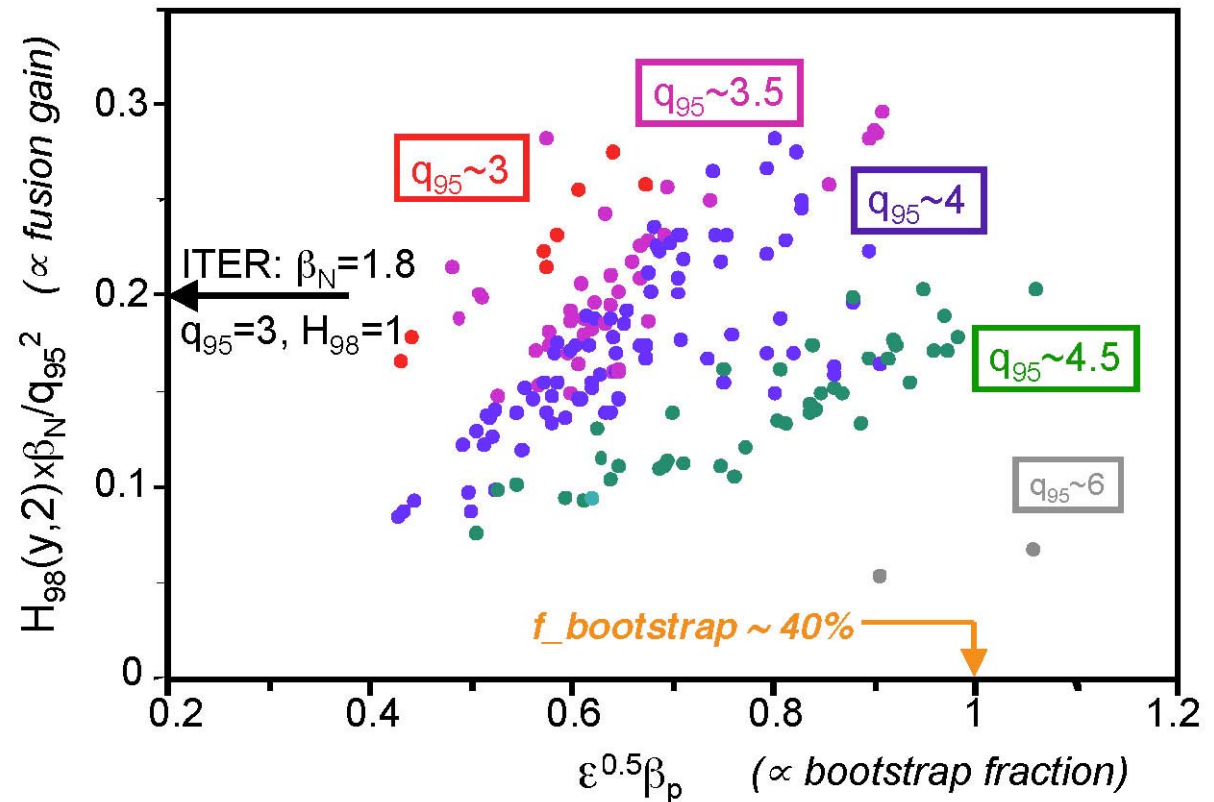
$$H_{98} \cdot \beta_N / q_{95}^2 \sim 0.2$$

for q_{95} up to 4.5

In whole q_{95} range

stationary

(technical limit)



“Improved confinement”

Transport studies

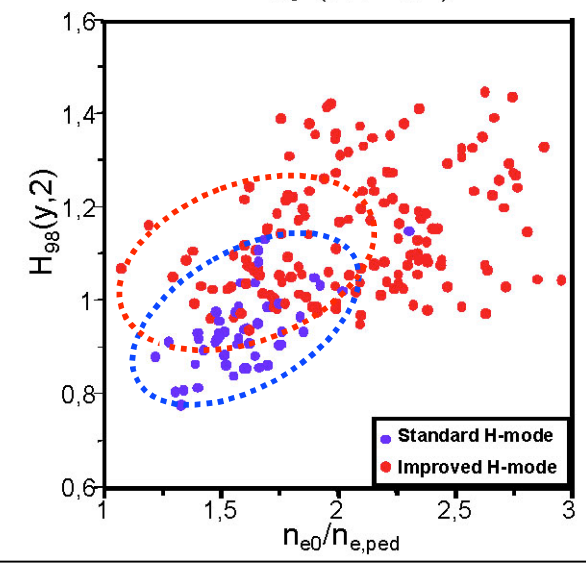
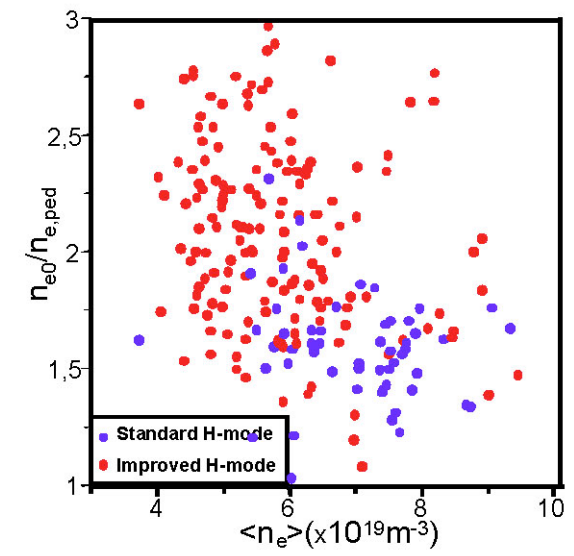
Heat transport in improved H-mode described by ITG/TEM turbulence; threshold in R/L_T
 → “stiff” temperature profiles

Improved H-mode: Stronger peaked n_e -profiles
 Density peaking correlated with lower ν^*
 ⇒ account to some extent for higher H-factors

However, for $n_{e0}/n_{e,ped} \leq 2$: H-factors of improved H-modes somewhat higher at same peaking

Possible reasons:

- Higher pedestal pressure?
 (indications, needs detailed experiments)
- ITER-H98(y,2) scaling
 n_e - and β_N -dependence?



Improved H-Modes with dominant core ICRH



So far: Improved H-mode results obtained with dominant NBI heating

⇒ $T_i > T_e$, input of particles and momentum,
in contrast to α -heating in reactor-type plasma

Demonstration of improved H-mode with $P_{ICRH} \gtrsim P_{NBI}$ (ICRH dominates core)

- $\beta_N \sim 2.6 / H_{98(y,2)} \sim 1.2$
($\rightarrow \beta_N \cdot H_{98(y,2)} / q_{95}^2 = 0.24$)
- $T_i \sim T_e$

ICRH (6-10% H minority):

$P \rightarrow \text{ion} / P \rightarrow \text{ele} \sim 2 : 1$

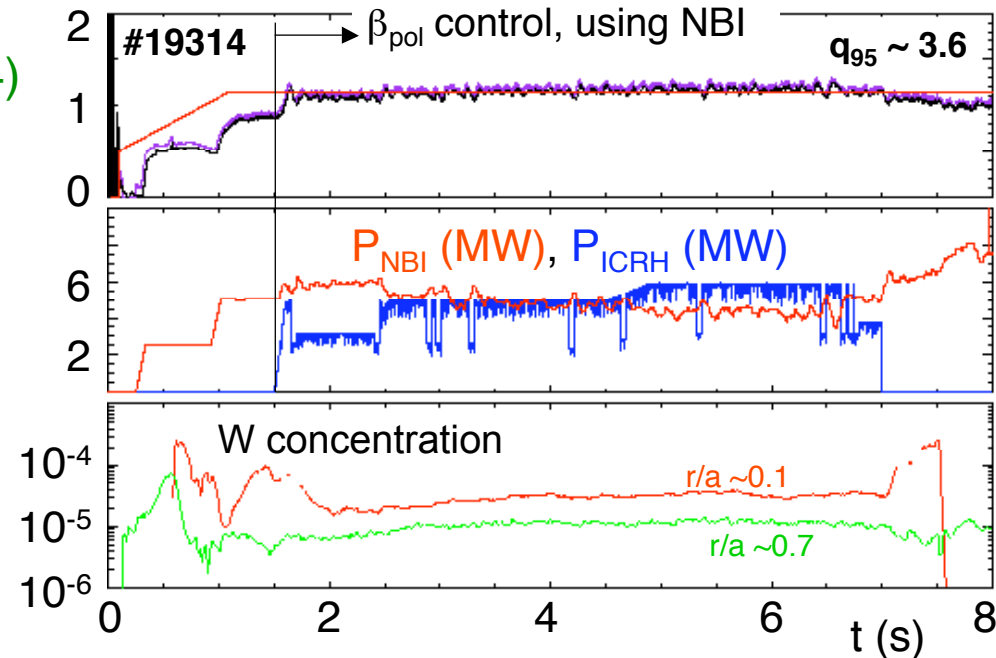
ICRH + NBI

$P_{\text{ele}}(\rho \leq 0.3)$ higher by ~ 2.5
compared to NBI only

During ICRH

Central W concentration

strongly depressed; *for details on impurities: see R. Dux et al., EX / P6-14*



Improved H-mode at ASDEX Upgrade

- Stationary, low central shear, q_0 close to 1, with $\beta_N > 2.5$ & $H_{98(y,2)} > 1$ over wide range in q_{95} and n_e/n_{GW}
- Specific q-profile: avoids sawteeth, benign MHD during high performance
- Reasons for increase in H-factor still under investigation
- Performance: $q_{95} < 4$: $\beta_N \cdot H_{98(y,2)} / q_{95}^2 > 0.2$ (\equiv ITER baseline scen.)
 $q_{95} \sim 4-4.5$: $\beta_N \cdot H_{98(y,2)} / q_{95}^2 \sim 0.2$
- Dimensionless parameters
 v^* / v^*_{ITER} close to 1 at low densities
 ρ_i^* : no performance dependence on ρ_i^*
- Obtained also with dominant core RF heating

For ITER: Candidate for lower current, long pulse “hybrid“ scenario

Impurity Control

Peaked density profiles, no sawteeth → high central impurity concentration, severe for NBI only heating

Need for impurity control tool

Low level central ECRH (1-1.5 MW) or central ICRH ($P_{ICRH} \geq 0.5 \cdot P_{NBI}$)

see: R. Dux et al., EX / P6-14

- Central W concentration correlated with peaking

Central wave heating:

- Core W concentration strongly reduced
- Reduced peaking
- Minor effect on $H_{98} \cdot \beta_N$

Central C concentration reduced as well

