ITC-12/APFA'01 December 10-14, 2001 Toki, Gifu, Japan

# Fusion Technology R & D in Japan

- Goes into the 21st Century under the Unified Structure -

Akira Kohyama Institute of Advanced Energy, Kyoto University

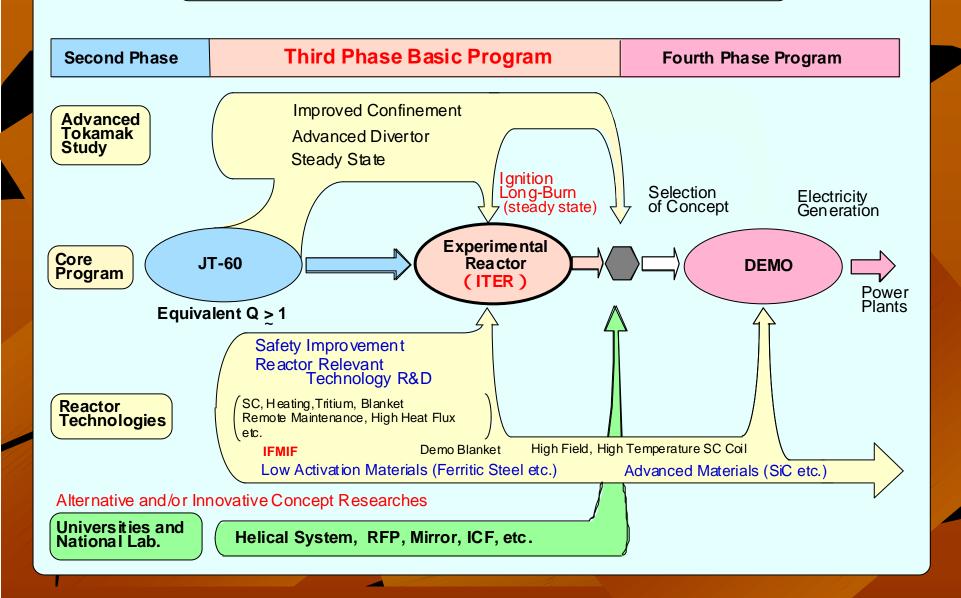
## Fusion Program in Japan

by N. Inoue (Chair of Fusion Council, Japan)

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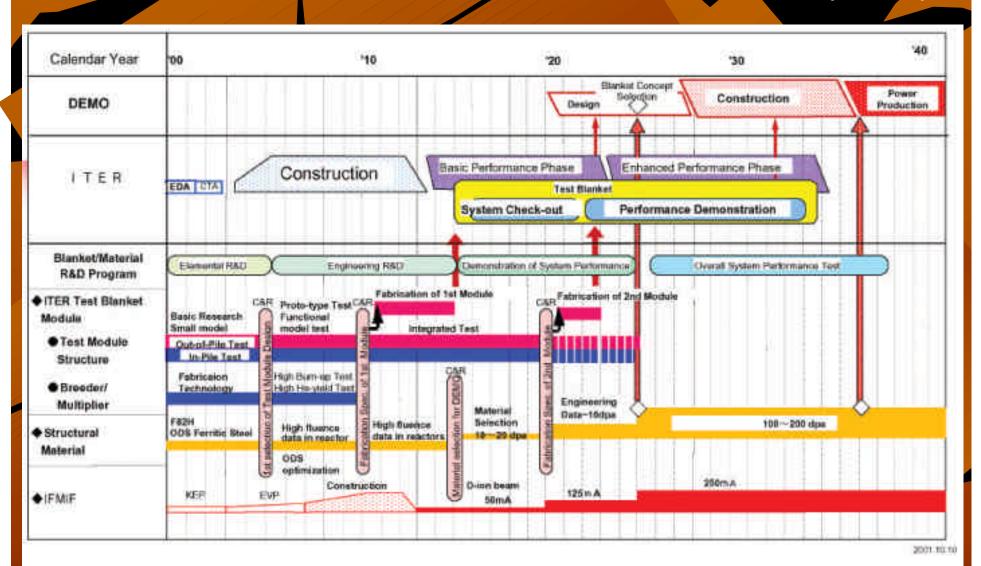
- Japan intends to develop fusion as a viable energy option for the future
- Construction of experimental reactor has the highest priority
- Serious discussions have been and are being made to make a confident decision on ITER construction
  - In parallel, Japan studies various concept improvements in plasma confinement, as well as materials development and reactor technology

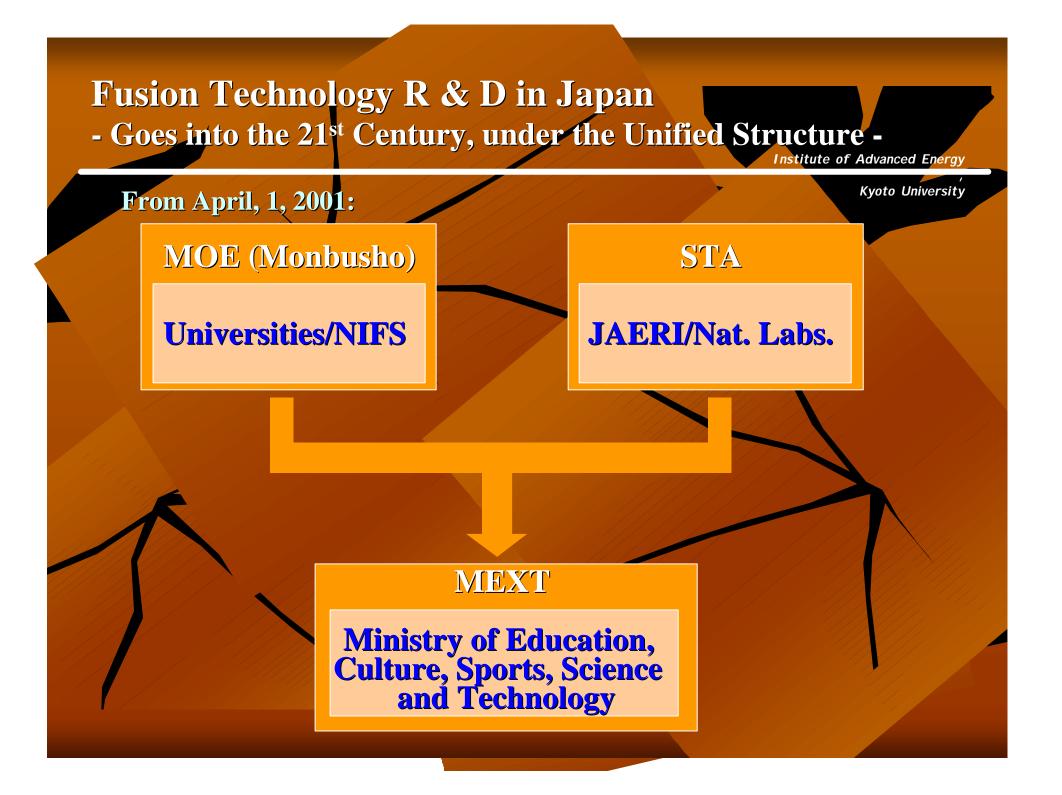
#### Fusion Development Strategy in Japan



### Material/Blanket R & D Strategy

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## Fusion Technology R & D in Japan

- In the past, under the dual structure -

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Kyoto University

MOE (Monbusho)

**Universities/NIFS** 

**STA** 

JAERI/Nat. Labs.

Long-Term R & D Issues
Basic/Fundamental Research

Fusion Engineering Network MOE/US-DOE Collaboration

Near-Term R & D Issues Energy Emphasized Efforts

ITER-EDA

JAERI/ORNL Collaboration

There have been Many efforts for

**Interaction/Collaboration** 

## **Fusion Engineering Network Activity**

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## Fusion Engineering Network Activity

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**Kyoto University** 

Materials/Fuel

Magnetoelectric/Magnet

System/Safety

**ICF** 

Structural Materials

In-reactor Component (PWI)

Blanket Technology

Tritium Science/Engineering

**Tritium Bio-chemical effects** 

Thermo-mechanics

**Reactor Design** 

System/Safety Design

**Neutronics** 

## A Good Example can be seen in Materials R & D

- In the past, under the dual structure -

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Kyoto University

**STA** 

JAERI/ORNL Collaboration

MOE (Monbusho)

**DOE/Monbusho Collaboration** 

RTNS-II (14MeV effect)

FFTF/MOTA (High dpa effects)

JUPITER (Dynamic/Varying/ Cumulative effects)

JUPITER-2 (Integration for Advanced Blanket)

Austenitic Stainless Steel (Fundamental)

Austenitic S. S. (Weldment/Component)

Reduced Activation Ferritic Steels (Fundamental)

Reduced Activation Ferritic Steels (weldment/He effects,,)

# Another Good Example can be seen in ITER EDA

- ITER/Japan Team with University participations, stitute of Advanced Energy

Kyoto University

There are many extinguished accomplishments In Fusion Engineering R & D (well known 7 accomplishments)

Many supporting activities by Japanese Universities Should be acknowledged.

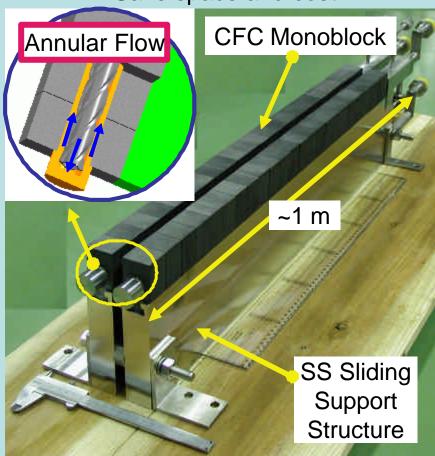
### **Development of ITER Divertor**

L5 Divertor Project

Cassette body; US Vertical target; JA

Integration Tests of JA and US components were successfully completed.

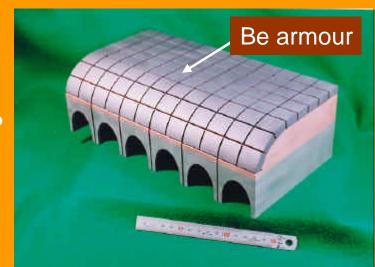
Development of New Cooling Structure
- Save space and cost -



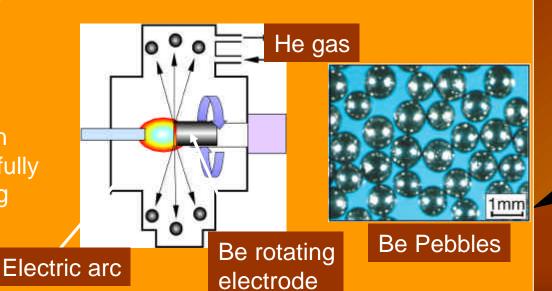
The vertical target mock-up with annular flow has successfully withstood a heat load of 20 MW/m<sup>2</sup>, 10s for 1000 cycles.

### Blanket Technology

(1) Development of ITER Shielding Blanket
Beryllium-armored full-width First Wall panel
(DSCu/SS) has successfully fabricated by HIP
technique first time.



- (2) Development of Breeding Blanket
- Effects of thermal cycles on the pebble bed structure has been investigated.
- World's first mass production technology of Beryllium neutron multiplier pebbles has successfully been developed by the Rotating Electrode Method.



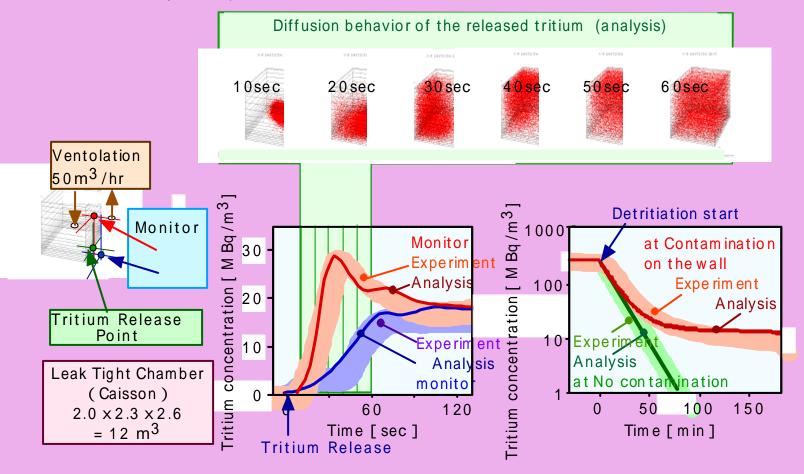
#### Tritium Safe-Handling Technology

Accumulate the Behavior Data of Tritum in Large Space

• Improve the Behavior Analysis Code

Good tritiium behavior simulation could be obtained by considering the experimental data, material property data, optimum analysis model and effect of tritium absorption & desorption on the wall.

It was confirmed that heavy wall contamination was resulted in case that tritium vapor (HTO) was released in the dry atmosphere.



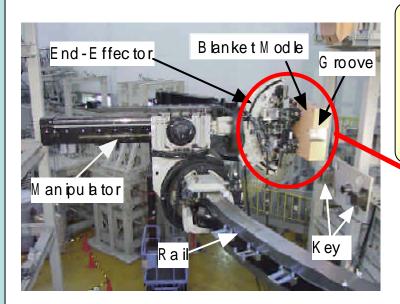
# Development of Blanket Remote Handling Equipment with High Positioning Accuracy

Installation Condition for Blanket Module Handling

hstallation of 4-ton Module under Clearance of ±025 mm between Key and Groove

#### Test Result for Blanket Installation

B lanket m odu le has been successfully installed under the required ITER condition by the passive compliance due to the flax is ility of the manipulator and the assistance of the cham fer configuration of the key.



#### Performances of Manipulator

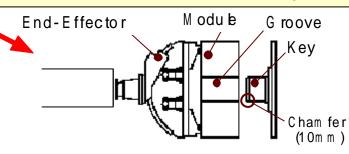
Module Weight: 4 ton

Key/Groove Clearance:  $\pm 0.18$  mm (measured)

Positioning Accuracy : ± 2 mm

Max. Allowable Misalignment : ± 10 mm (axis)

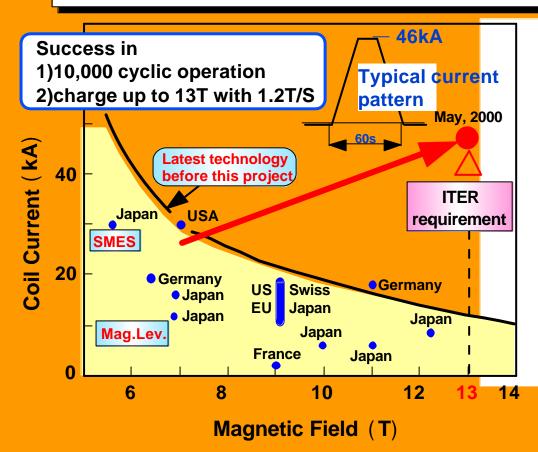
± 0.5 degree (angle)

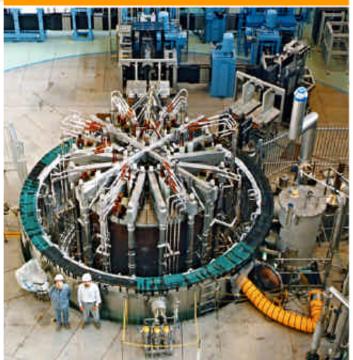


### Success of the ITER CS Model Coil Experiment

Results: 1) ITER coil design was validated.

2) Coil fabrication under the international task shearing was successfully demonstrated.



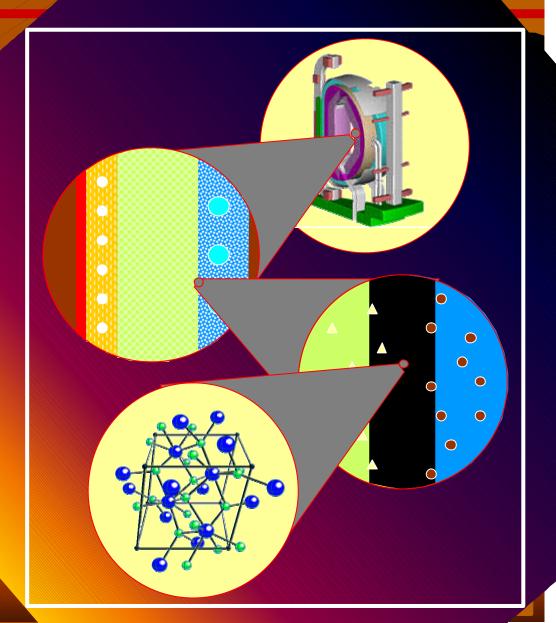


Experiment was performed from March to the end of August, 2000.



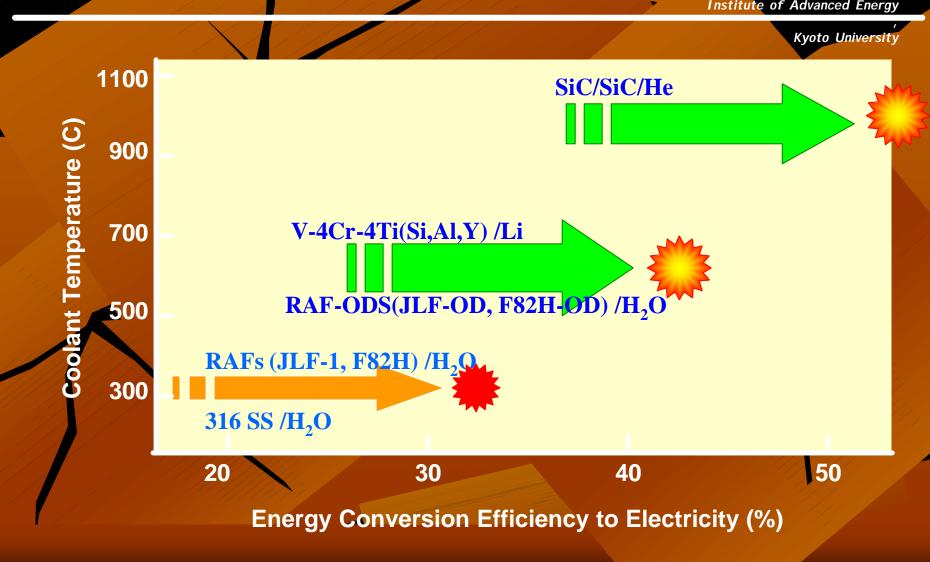
# New Project JUPITER-II (200

Materials integration utilizing reactor irradiation related research the advanced bla.



# **Targets of Fusion Power Reactors** - Attractive Options -







### **JUPITER-II Tasks**



Subtask 1: Key Tech. R&D

Subtask 2: System Performance.\*

Task 2: High Temperature Gas-cooling Blanket

Subtask 1: Key Tech. R&D

Subtask 2: System Performance.\*

Subtask 1: System Design and modeling

Subtask 2: Multi-scale modeling

**Task 3: Modeling for System Integration** 

\*:System Performance evaluation under neutron irradiation.

**Kyoto University** 

- "Medium-term research plan for power generating breeding blanket"
  August 2000, by Fusion Council
- R&D for DEMO blanket. Blanket module test in ITER: important milestone.
- Three C&Rs and selections scheduled
- JAERI: core institute for solid blanket development
  Universities (NIFS): fundamental studies to obtain perspective on liquid blanket,
  material development, various fundamental studies on solid and liquid blankets

Reference blanket JAERI: lithium ceramics cooled by supercritical water NIFS: FFHR, flibe as breeder and coolant

Advanced blanket concepts with high coolant temperature, advanced safety, high resistance for large neutron flounce
Flibe Blanket, Liquid Lithium with Vanadium Alloy, Solid Breeder and SiC/SiC

JUPITER-II: Japan-MEXT US-DOE collaborative project on advanced blankets 2001-2006, mainly using facilities at INEEL, UCLA, ORNL, ANL

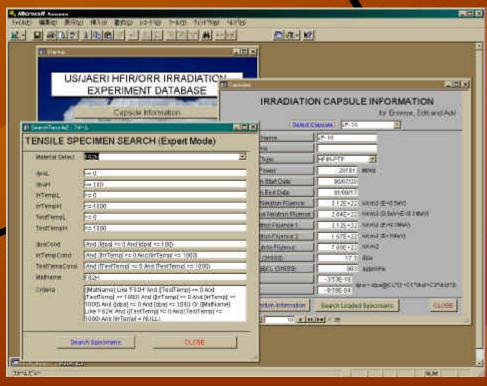
## Reduced Activation Ferritic Steel R&D in Japan

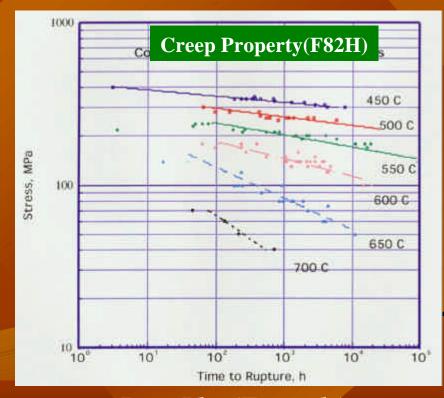
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**Kyoto University** 

#### RAF Database (F82H/JLF-1)

Since '92 for a decade, Under the Japanese initiative, RAF database has been constructed (IEA RAF WG)





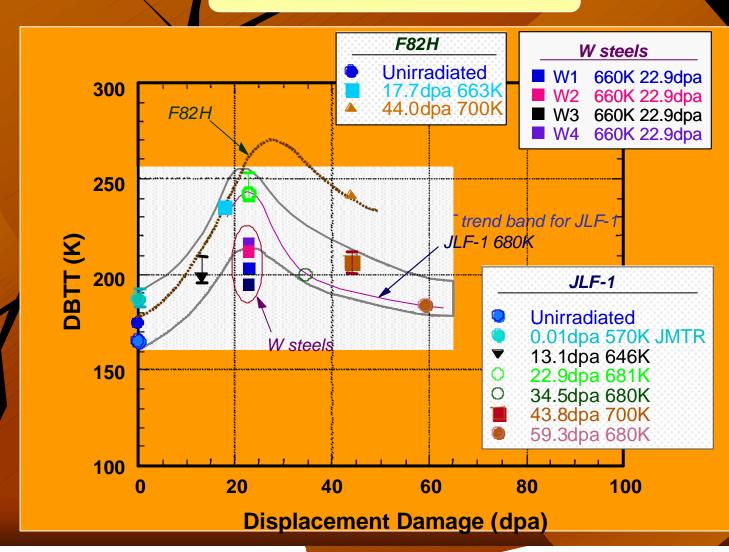
Display Modes (Example)

Data Plot (Example)

## Reduced Activation Ferritic Steel R&D in Japan

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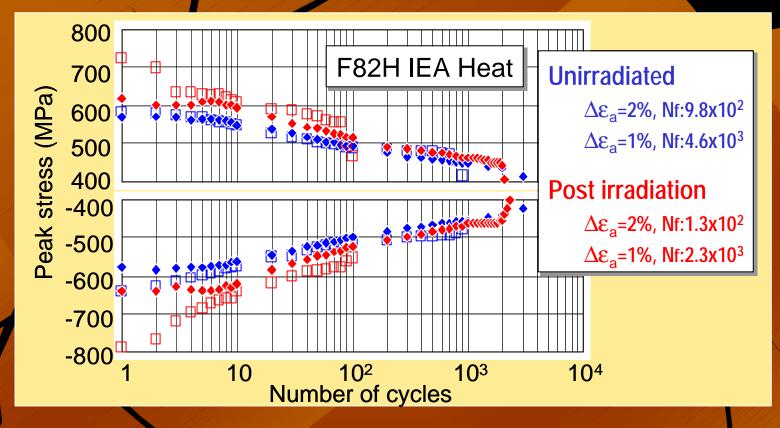




# Radiation Effect on Stress Amplitude

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JMTR ~0.005dpa (3.1x10<sup>19</sup>cm<sup>-2</sup> / Irr. Temp. ~90C)



- The increase of initial stress amplitude was 292MPa at  $\Delta \epsilon_a$ = 2%, and 116MPa at  $\Delta \epsilon_a$ = 1%.
- Number of cycles to failure of  $\Delta \varepsilon_a$ = 2% case was reduced to 13% of unirradiated case.

#### R & D of Ferritic Steels for Fusion

- from Fundamental Materials R & D to Technology/Engineering Integration -

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**Kyoto University** 

Data base development toward DEMO.

Ferromagnetic effects.

Integration for

Blanket/Reactor

Components Fabrication

Development of high heat-resistant super steels and ODS steels.

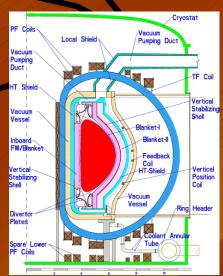
Development of welding/joining technology and ODS-clad processing.

Compatibility with pressurized water and super critical water.

Performance Evaluation and Improvement under

**Neutron Environment Blanket Environment** 





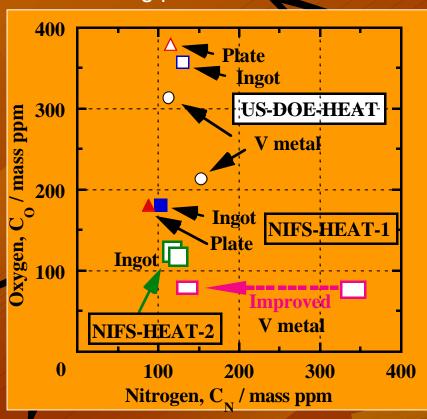
SSTR or ASSTR

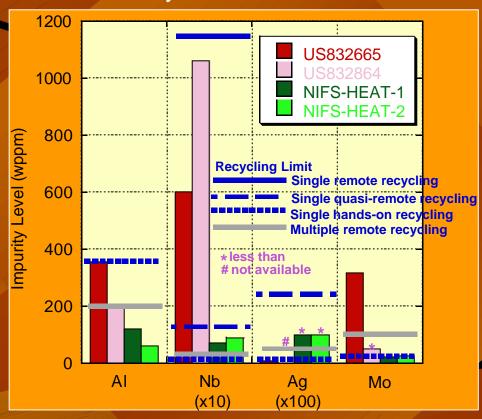
# Fabrication of High Purity Large Products of V-4Cr-4Ti (NIFS-HEATs)

Large V-4Cr-4Ti ingots with reduced impurity levels were produced in NIFS

Feasibility of recycling by quasi-remote (simply shielded) processing was verified

The resulting products were used for Round-robin test by international collaboration





Impurity level of NIFS- and US- HEATs

Impurity level and recycling criteria

(Muroga, Nagasaka, Heo, NIFS)

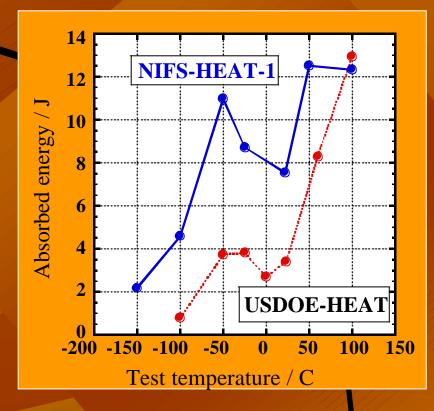
## Improvement of Welding Property

Reduction of oxygen level in NIFS-HEAT resulted in significant enhancement of the mechanical property of the weld joint

Weld joint



**TIG** weld joint of NIFS-HEAT-1

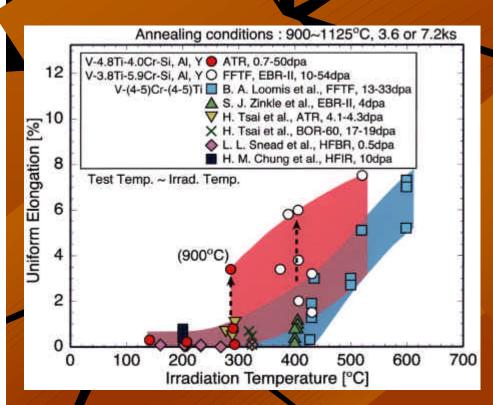


Impact property of the TIG weld joint

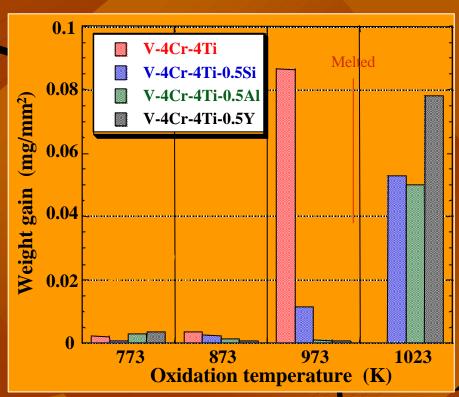
(Muroga, Nagasaka, Heo, NIFS)

# Improvement of Resistance to Radiation and Oxidation by Addition of Si, Al and Y

Ductility after irradiation at 300~400C was significantly enhanced Oxidation during exposure to air was strongly suppressed to 973K



Uniform elongation of irradiated alloys

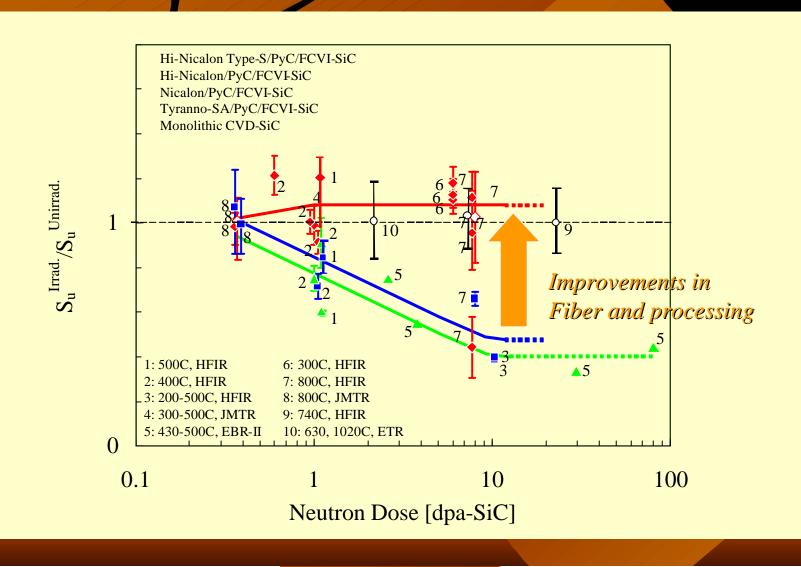


Weight gain by exposure to air

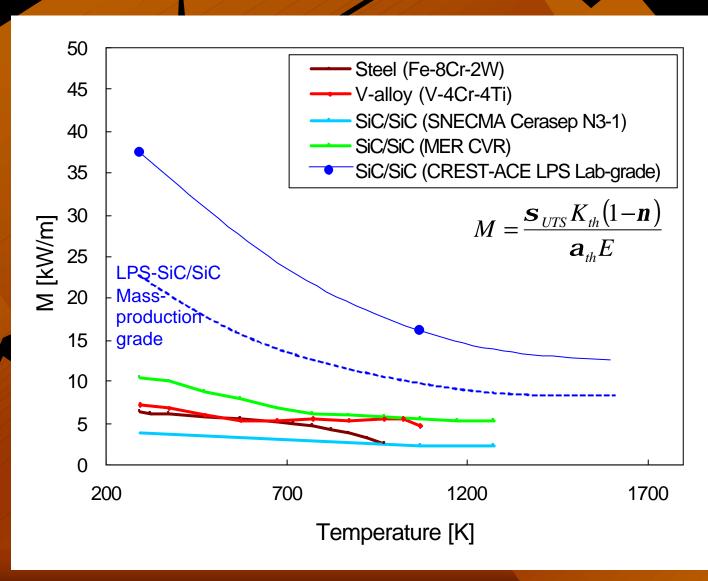
(Abe, Satou, Fujiwara, Chuto, Tohoku University)

# Irradiation Effects on Mechanical Properties of SiC/SiC

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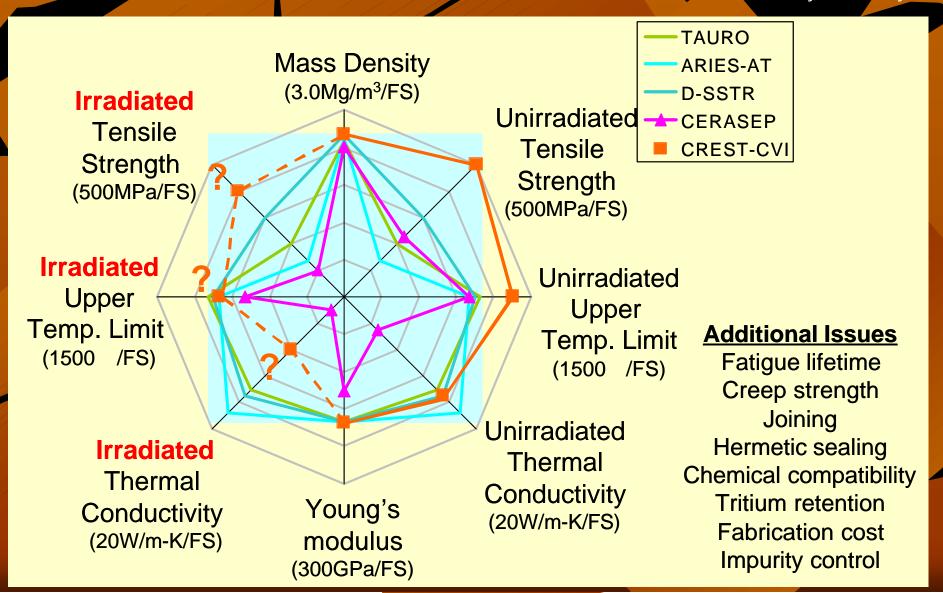
#### Improvement in Thermal Stress Figure of Merit - by LPS-SiC/SiC -Institute of Advanced Energy



#### SiC/SiC R & D Goals and Status

- 2000 -

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## PWI and Plasma Facing Materials

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## Major Subjects

- (1) High Z plasma facing materials and interaction with plasma
  Nagoa Univ., Doshisha Univ., Fukuoka Univ. of Education, Kyoto Univ.,
  NIFS, etc. (EA-TEXTOR Collaboration)
- (2) Measurement of tritium in the plasma facing materials of fusion experimental devices

  Toyama Univ., Nagoya Univ., NIFS (IEA TEXTOR Collaboration)
- (3) Developments and evaluation of high-Z plasma facing materials Tohoku Univ., Kyushu Univ., NIFS, Kagoshima Univ., etc. (LHD Joint Projects)
- (4) H and He irradiation experiments of W-coated materials with plasma simulators
  - Kyushu Uinv., NIFS (J-US Collaboration)
- (5) Analysis of the first wall of TRIAM-1M and LHD

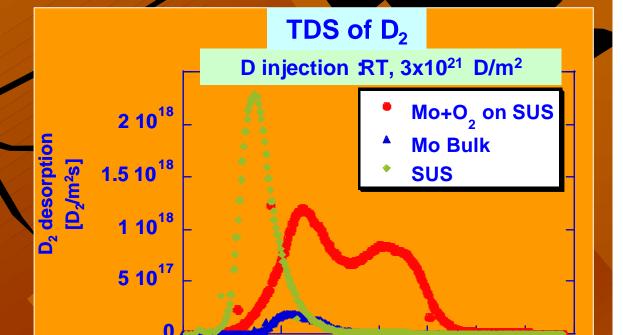
  Hokkaido Univ., NIFS (LHD Joint Projects, NIFS Joint Projects)

## Deposit of TRIAM-1M Tokamak





Fine fcc crystals, 1nm



Fusion Group RIAM Kyushu University

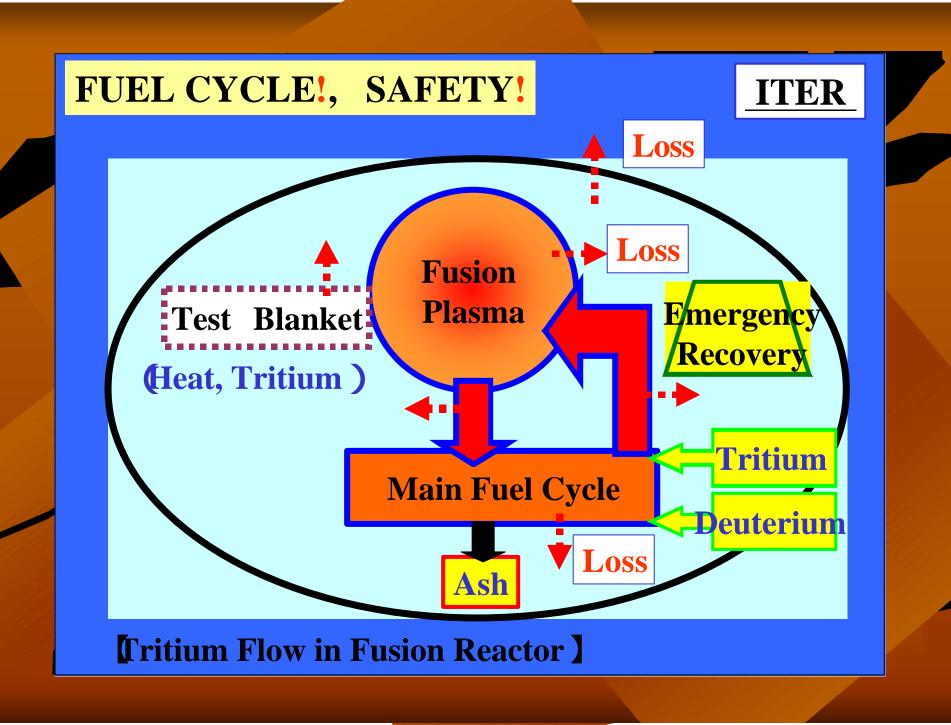
900 1000 1100

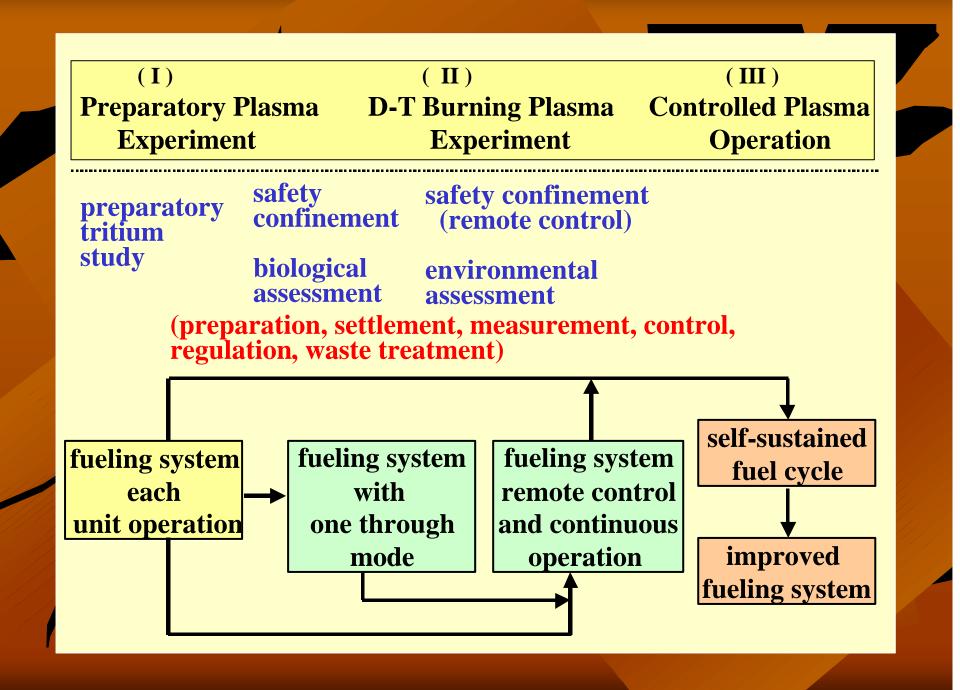
800

Temperature[K]

Due to the co-deposition of Mo with residual Oxygen, structure and properties of the wall surface chanage completely. High D retention change hydrogen recycling.

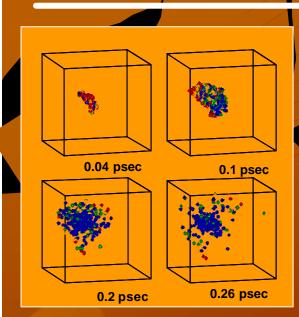
Critical issue for the control of steady state plasma

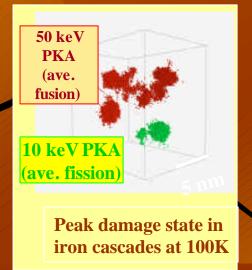


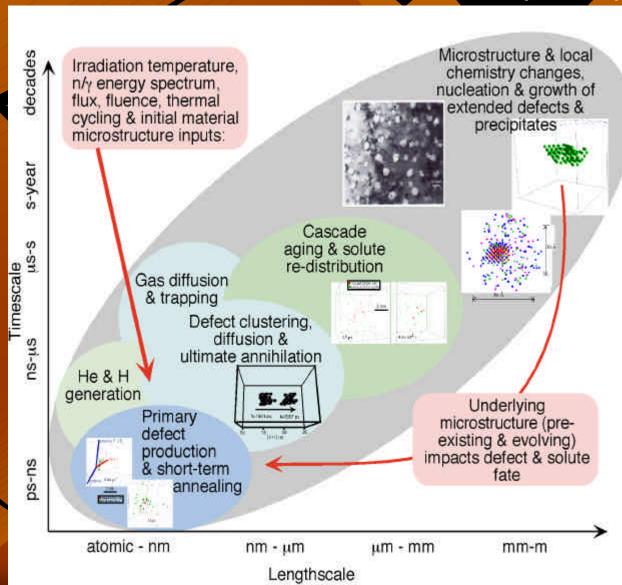


# Where are we struggling? -Radiation Effects-

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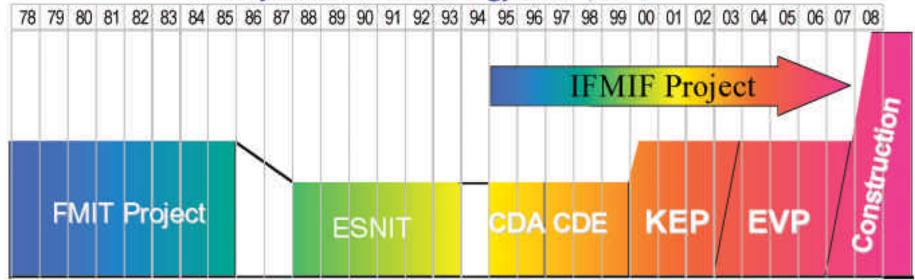






# History of Intense Neutron Source

- R&D over more than 20 years
- Current activity on neutron source
  - *IFMIF* Project under auspices of IEA
  - Key Element Technology Phase, KEP



FMIT: Fusion Material Irradiation Test Facility

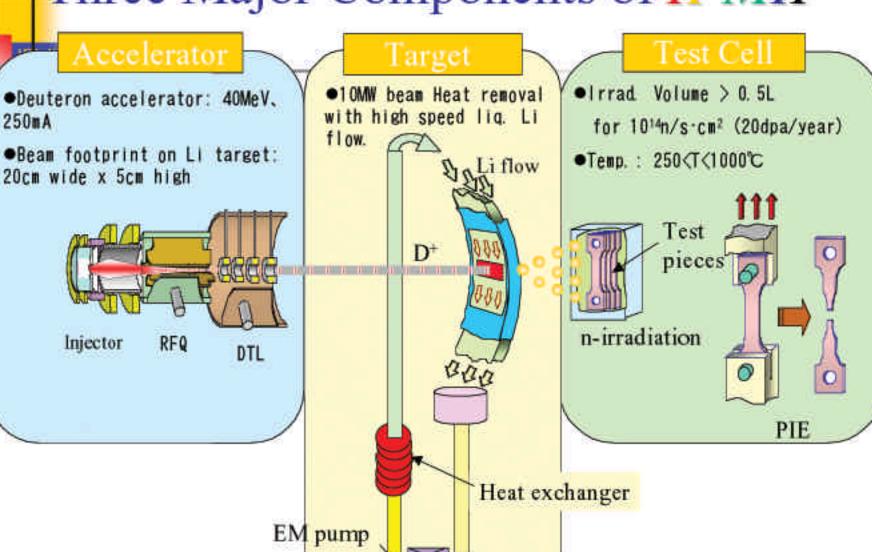
ESNIT: Energy Selective Neutron Irradiation Test Facility

CDA: Conceptual Design Activity

CDE: Conceptual Design Evaluation

EVP: Engineering Validation Phase

# Three Major Components of *IFMIF*

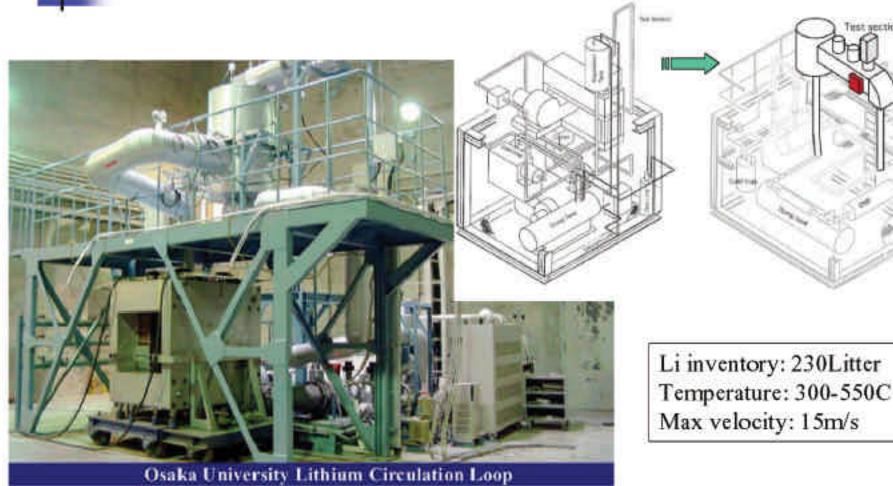






# Li-loop Experiment

Modification of existing Osaka Univ. Loop





## Outline of *IFMIF*

170m x 60m 26m above gr. 11m under gr.

Specifications

Type : D-LI

# of accelerators:2

- Current:

250mA(125mAx2); CW

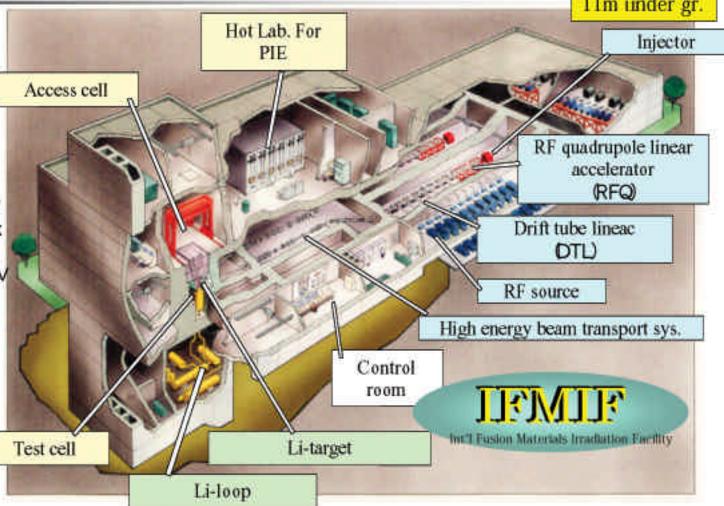
Beam footprint: 20cm x
 5cm

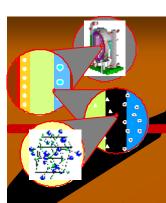
Energy: 32, 36, 40MeV

Availability : >88%

Facility Lifetime :

40years





#### Conclusion

Fusion Engineering Activities in Japan are quite active and efficient under the newly unified structure, MEXT.

Near term issues, for ITER, and long term issues, for DEMO and Power reactor are simultaneously carried out, well balanced and well managed condition.

Fusion Engineering Activities in Japan will be strengthened and accelerated with the decision of the ITER invitation to Japan, in the near future.