

Stationary high confinement plasmas with large bootstrap current fraction in JT-60U

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Stationary discharges with nearly full non-inductive CD

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Introduction

JT-60U :

Steady-state operation of tokamak: Full CD + large f_{BS}
In JT-60U, optimizing advanced tokamak for 10 years

High β_p H mode (WS regime): Steady-State / Hybrid

Reversed shear H mode (RS regime): Steady-state

Introduction

JT-60U

**Steady-state operation of tokamak: Full CD + large f_{BS}
In JT-60U; optimizing advanced tokamak for 10 years**

High β_p H mode (WS regime): Steady-State / Hybrid

Concept DEMO	Particle Control	High integration near $j(r)$ SS	$p(r)$ Opt. for NTM
Higher β	W-div.	NNB&EC	NNB&EC
$f_{BS} \sim 74\%$	$f_{BS} \sim 42\%$	$\beta_N H \sim 7$ & $f_{BS} \sim 51\%$	$\beta_N = 2.7$ & $f_{BS} \sim 30\%$
Full CD ~2s	$\sim 4.5s$	FullCD ~1.3s	for ~7.4s (NTM)

15th 16th 17th 18th 19th

20th IAEA

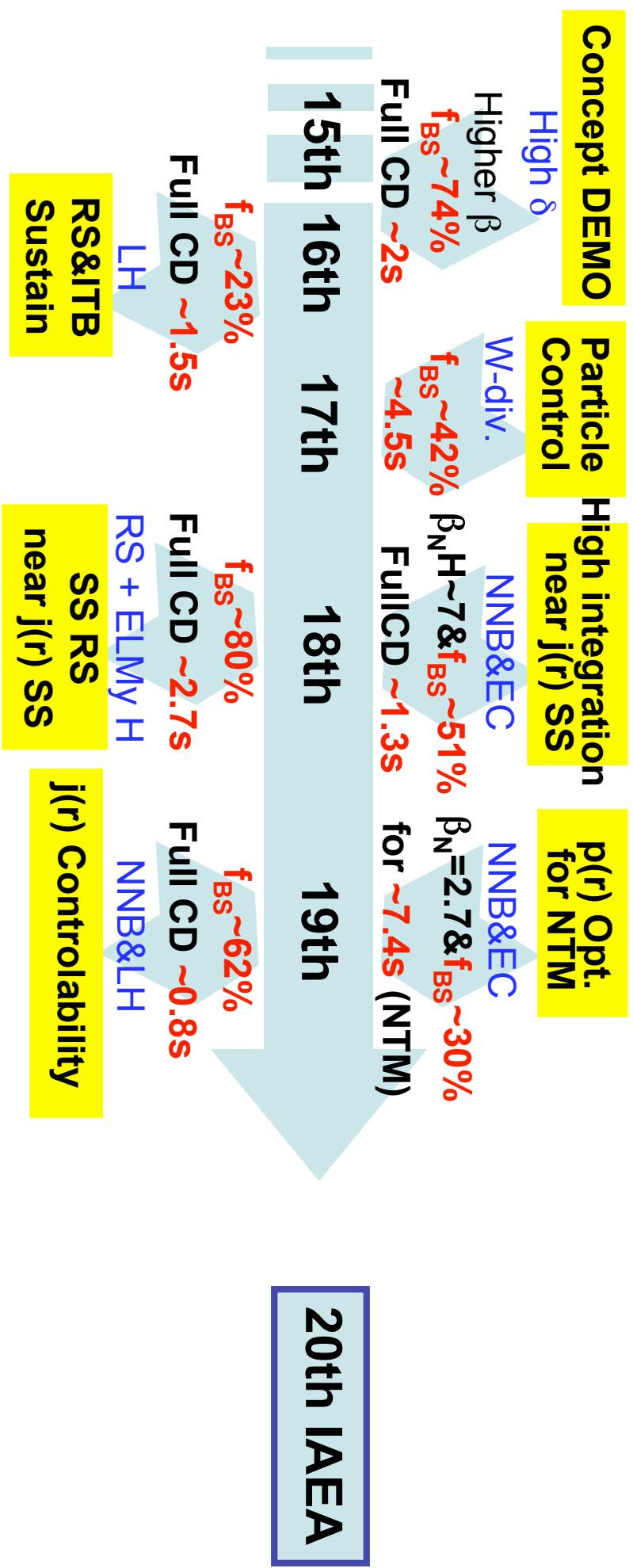
Reversed shear H mode (RS regime): Steady-state

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**Steady-state operation of tokamak: Full CD + large f_{BS}
In JT-60U, optimizing advanced tokamak for 10 years**

High β_p H mode (WS regime): Steady-State / Hybrid

Concept DEMO
High δ

Higher β

$f_{BS} \sim 74\%$

Full CD ~2s

Particle Control
W-div.

$f_{BS} \sim 42\%$

Full CD ~4.5s

High integration near $j(r)$ SS
NNB&EC

Full CD ~1.3s

$p(r)$ Opt. for NTM
NNB&EC

for ~7.4s (NTM)

$\beta_N = 2.7$ & $f_{BS} \sim 30\%$

15th 16th 17th

18th 19th

Large f_{BS}

Full CD

$f_{BS} \sim 23\%$

Full CD ~1.5s

$f_{BS} \sim 80\%$

Full CD ~2.7s

$f_{BS} \sim 62\%$

Full CD ~0.8s

RS + ELM_Y H
LH

NNB&LH

RS&ITB
Sustain

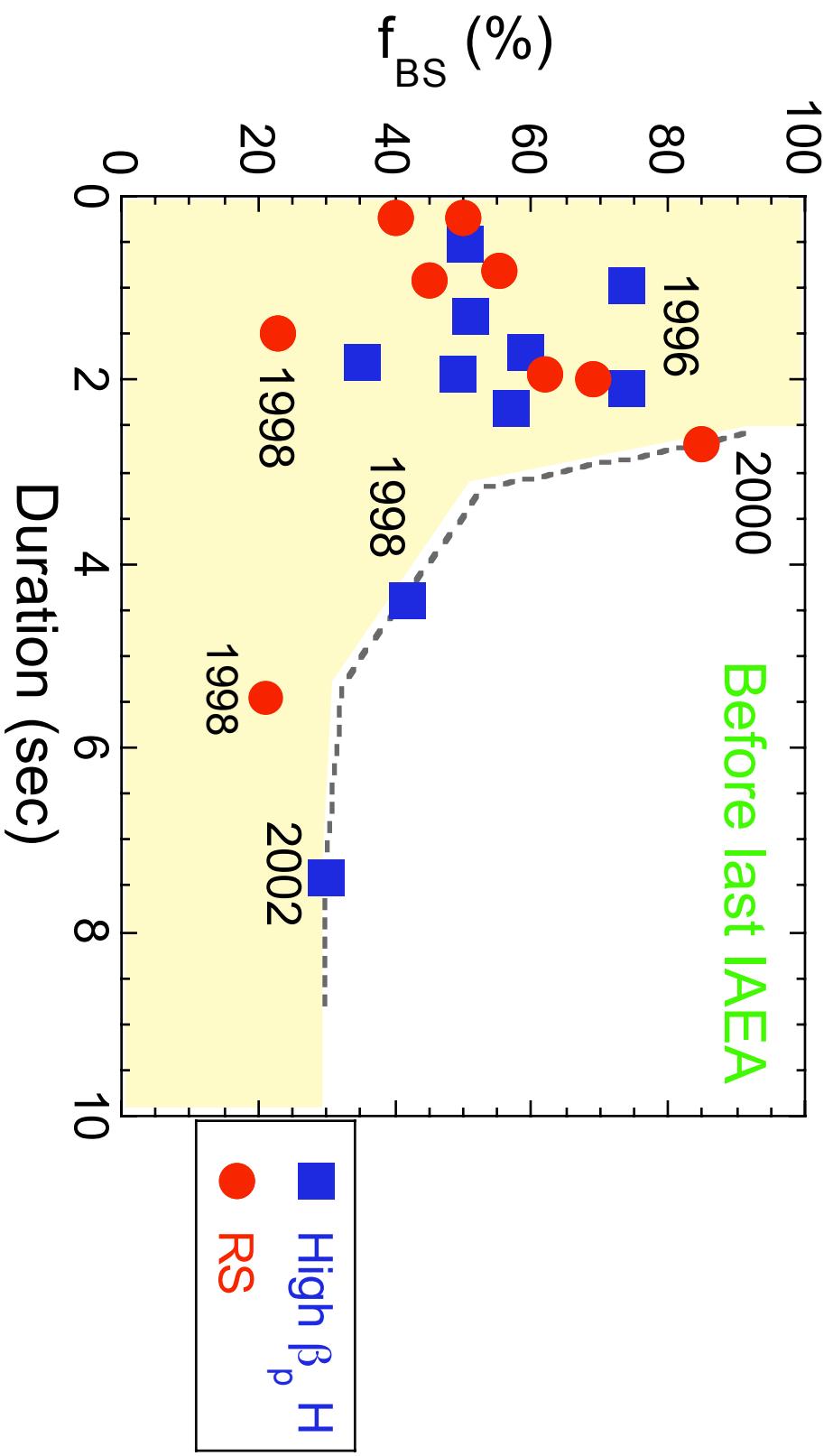
SS RS
near $j(r)$ SS

j(r) Controllability

Reversed shear H mode (RS regime): Steady-state

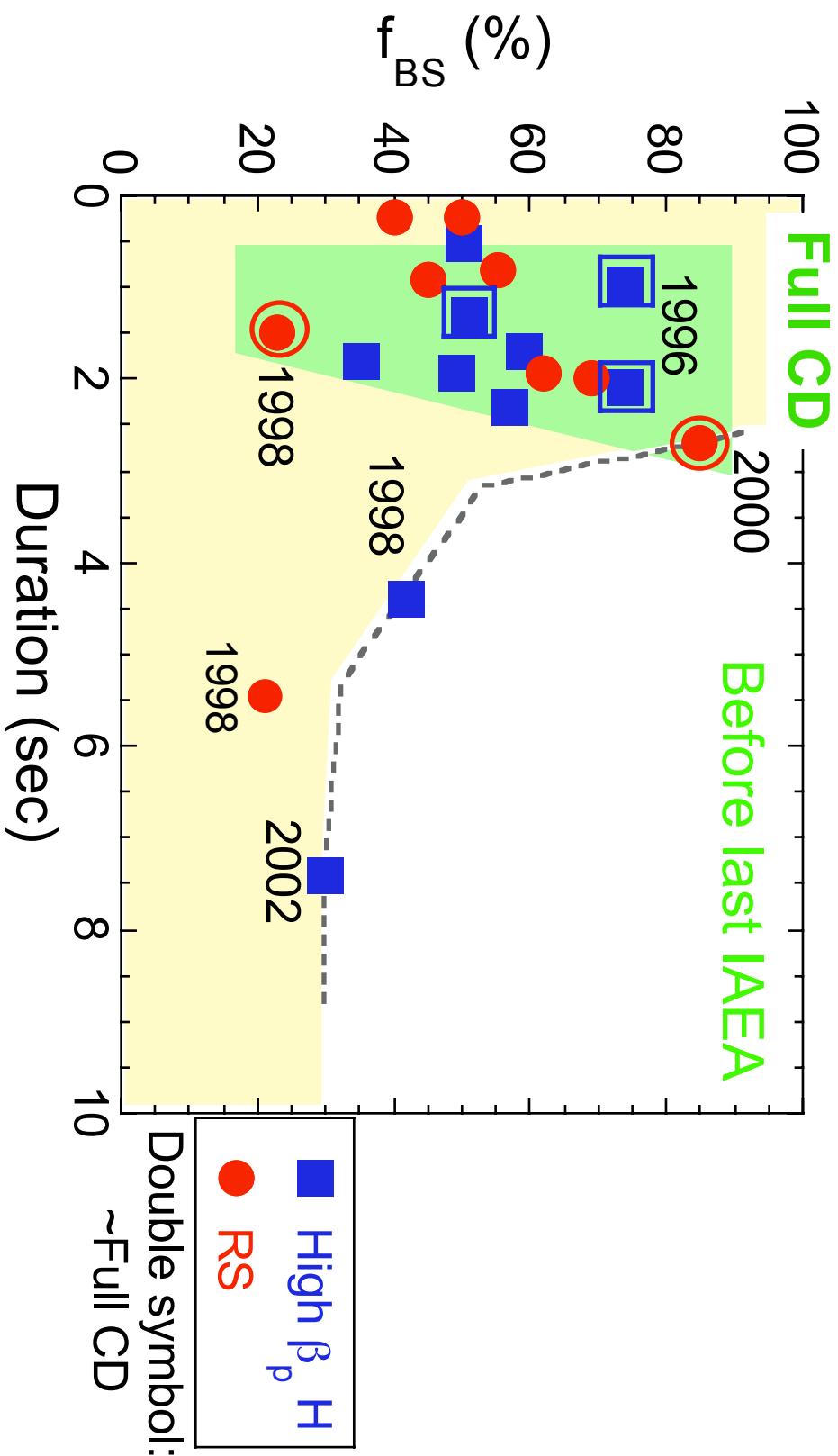
Progress of long sustainment of large f_{BS} under nearly full non-inductive CD

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Progress of long sustainment of large f_{BS} under nearly full non-inductive CD

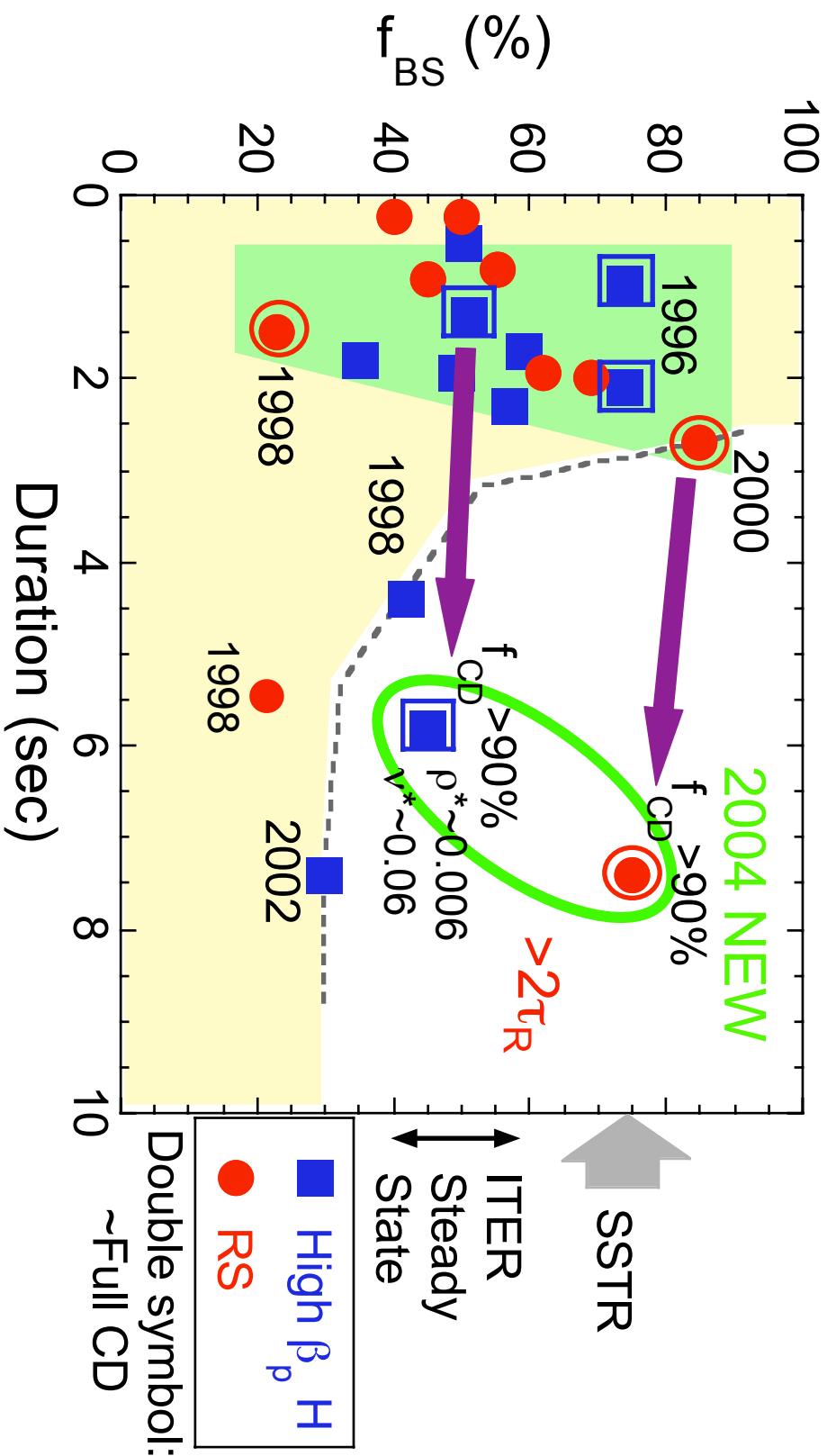
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Progress of long sustainment of large f_{BS} under nearly full non-inductive CD

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Achieved region of large f_{BS} has significantly been extended.



Weak shear plasma regime towards ITER steady state scenario

Issue :

Avoidance of NTMs

Key :

Optimization of q profile ($q_{95} \sim 4.5$)

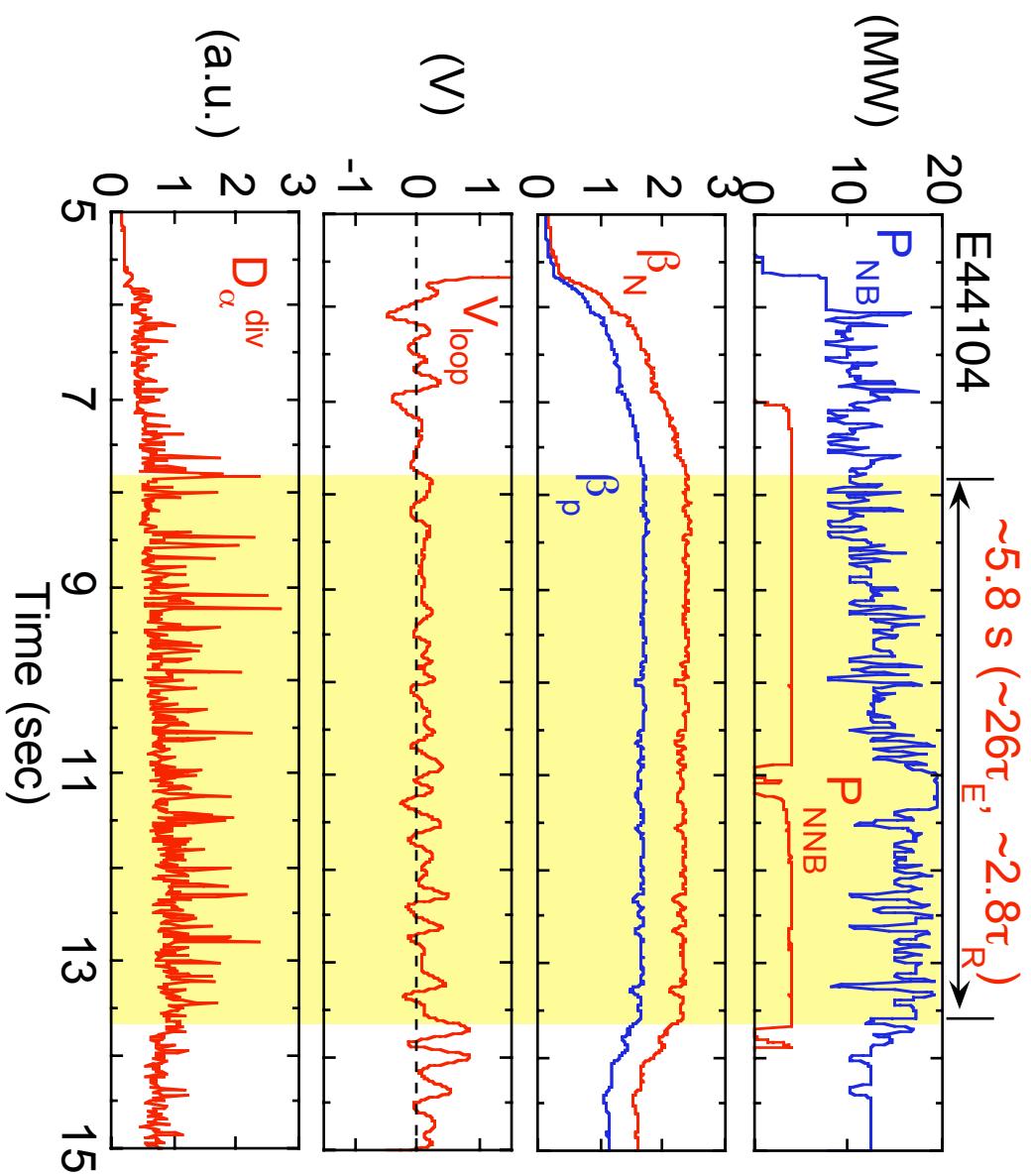
Quite low $q_{95} \sim 2.2$ (T. Suzuki, EX1-3)

$f_{BS} \approx 45\% \text{ sustained for } \sim 5.8 \text{ s } (\sim 2.8 \tau_R) \text{ under}$

Scenario: High β_p ELMy H-mode (2.4 T , 1 MA , $q_{95} \sim 4.5$, $\delta \sim 0.5$)

Non inductive CD: $P_{NB}^{\text{inj}}(\text{co}) \sim 4.5 \text{ MW}$ & $P_{NNB}^{\text{inj}} \sim 4 \text{ MW}$ & Bootstrap

JT-60U:



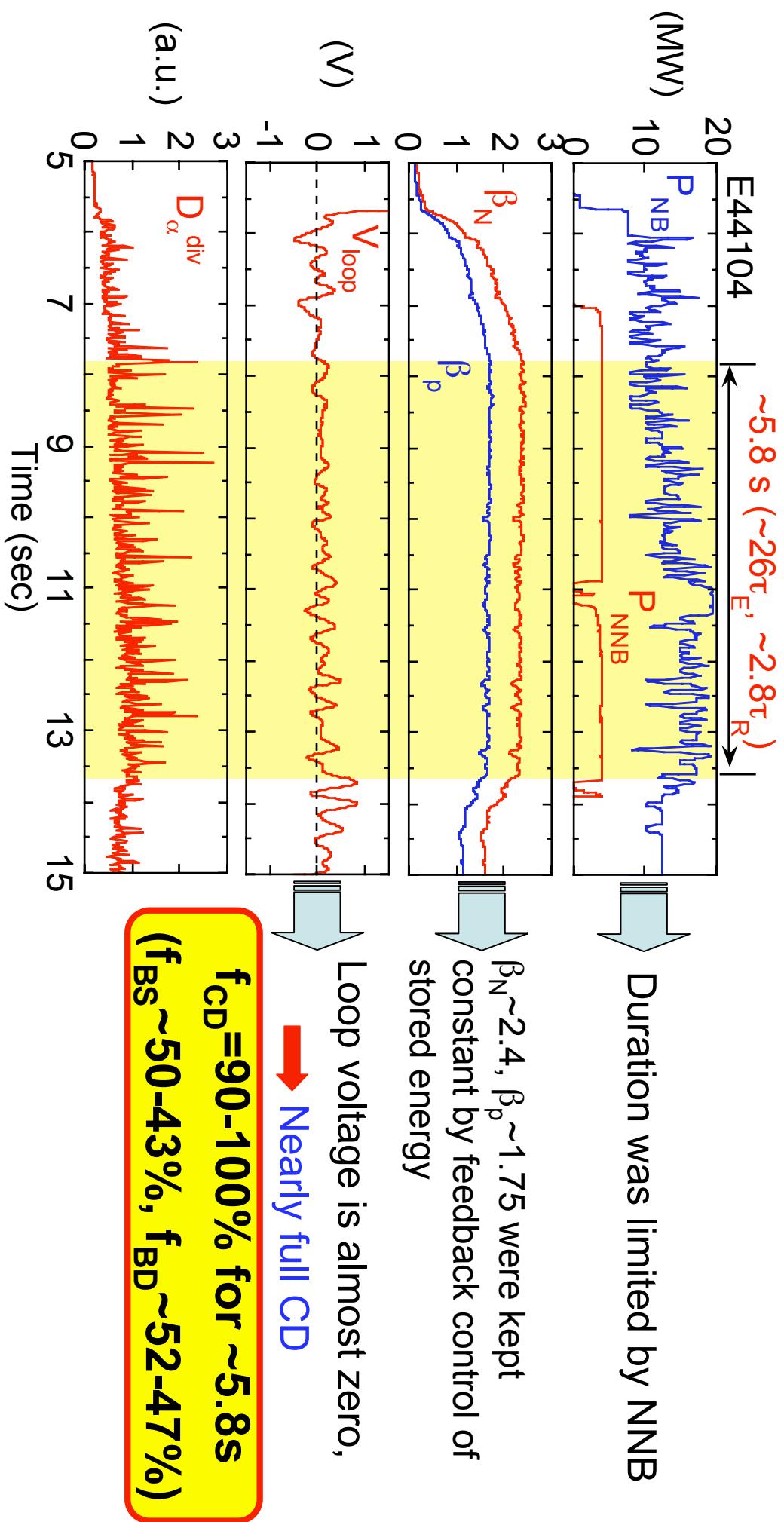
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nearly full CD in weak shear plasma

JT-60U

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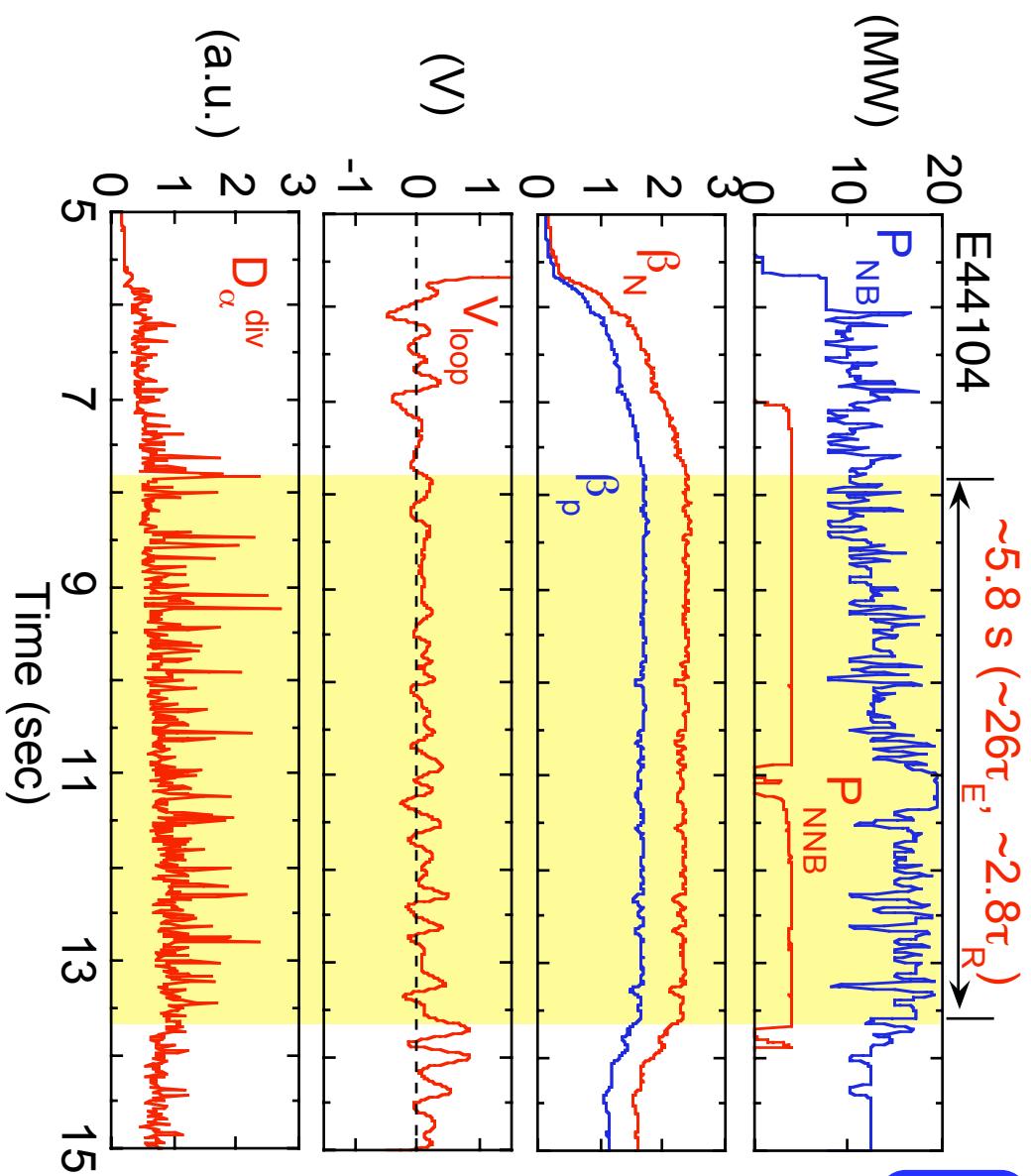
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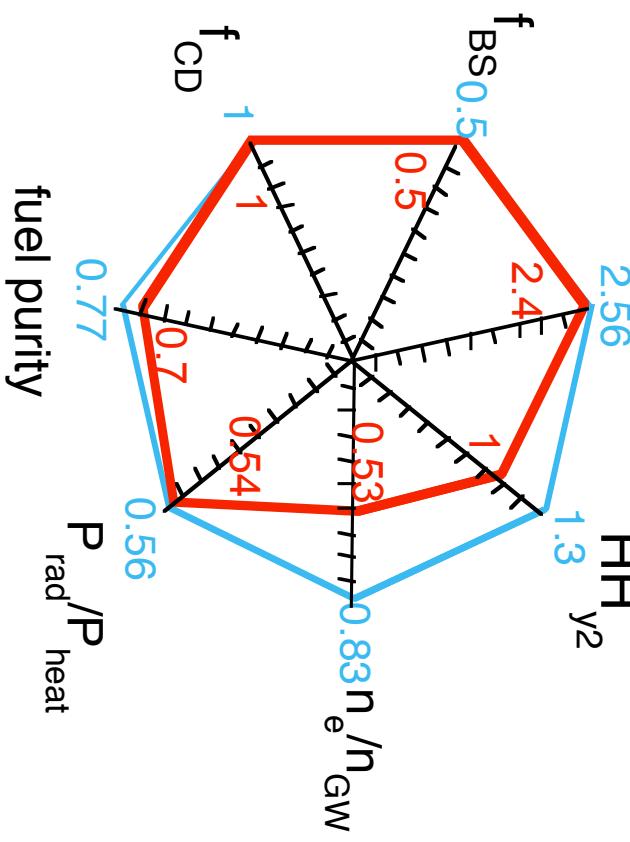
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High integrated performance was achieved towards ITER SS

β_N — ITER_SS(I)
— $E44104_8.3s$



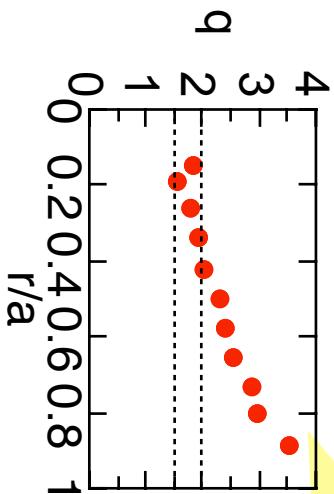
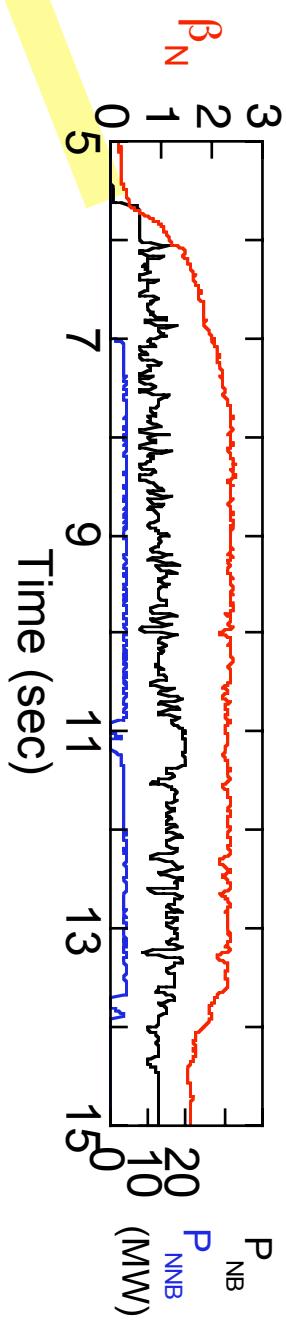
No NTM was observed

Avoidance of NTM by optimization of $q(r)$

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Avoidance of NTM: alignment of ∇p and $q=m/n$ ($3/2$, $2/1$,...)

$p(r)$ and $q(r)$: optimized by feedback control of W_{dia} and injection timing of NBs



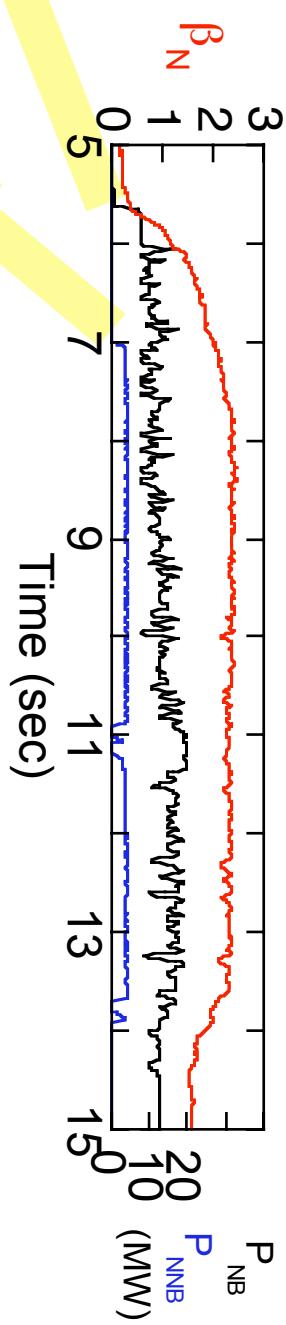
**NB injection before penetration of current
 $q(r) > 1.5$**

Avoidance of NTM by optimization of $q(r)$

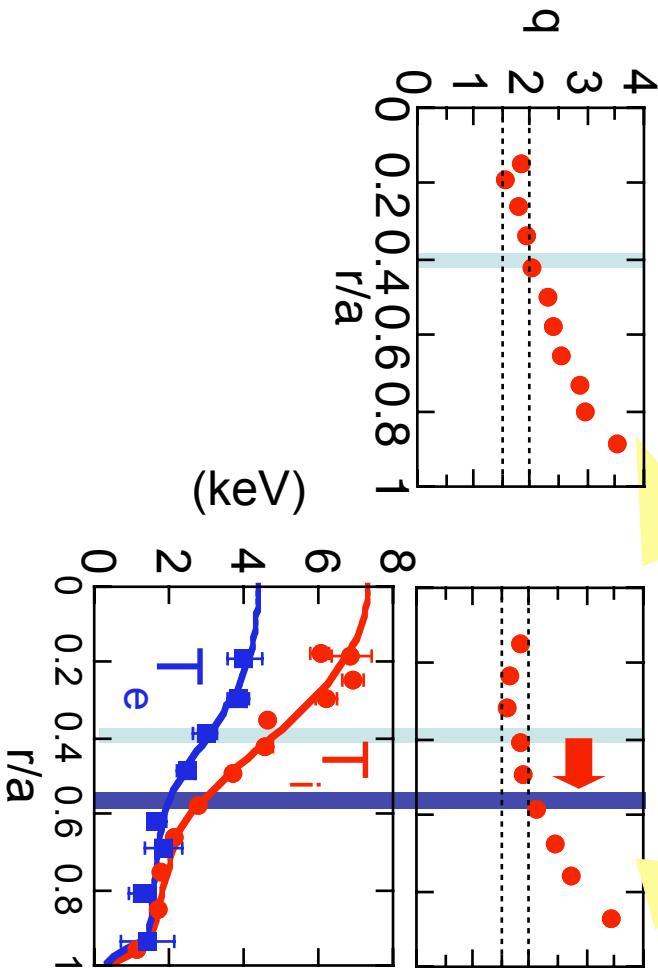
JT-60U

Avoidance of NTM: alignment of ∇p and $q=m/n$ ($3/2$, $2/1$, ...)

$p(r)$ and $q(r)$: optimized by feedback control of W_{dia} and injection timing of NBs



q(r) became flat in the core
q=2 moved outward

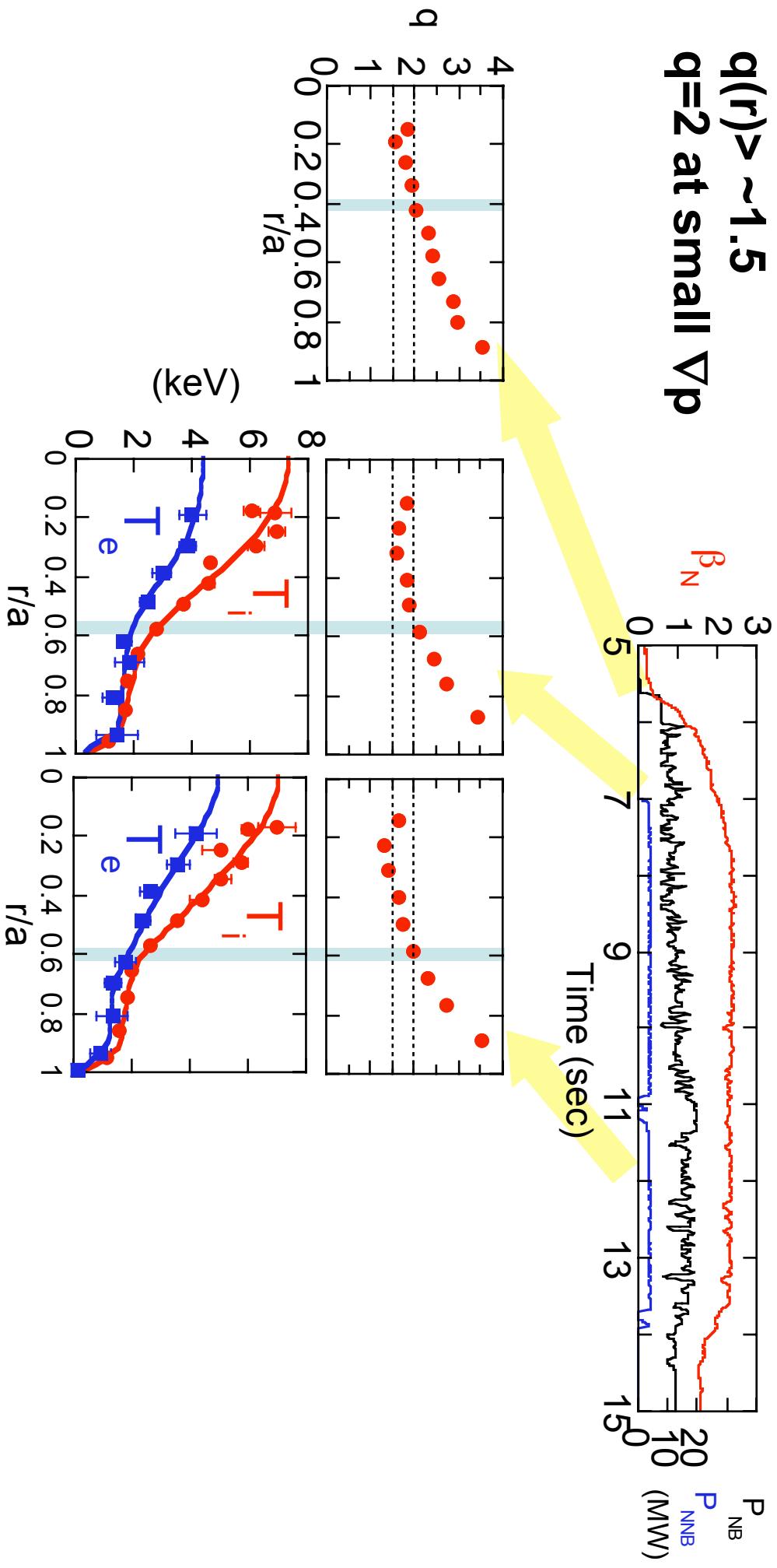


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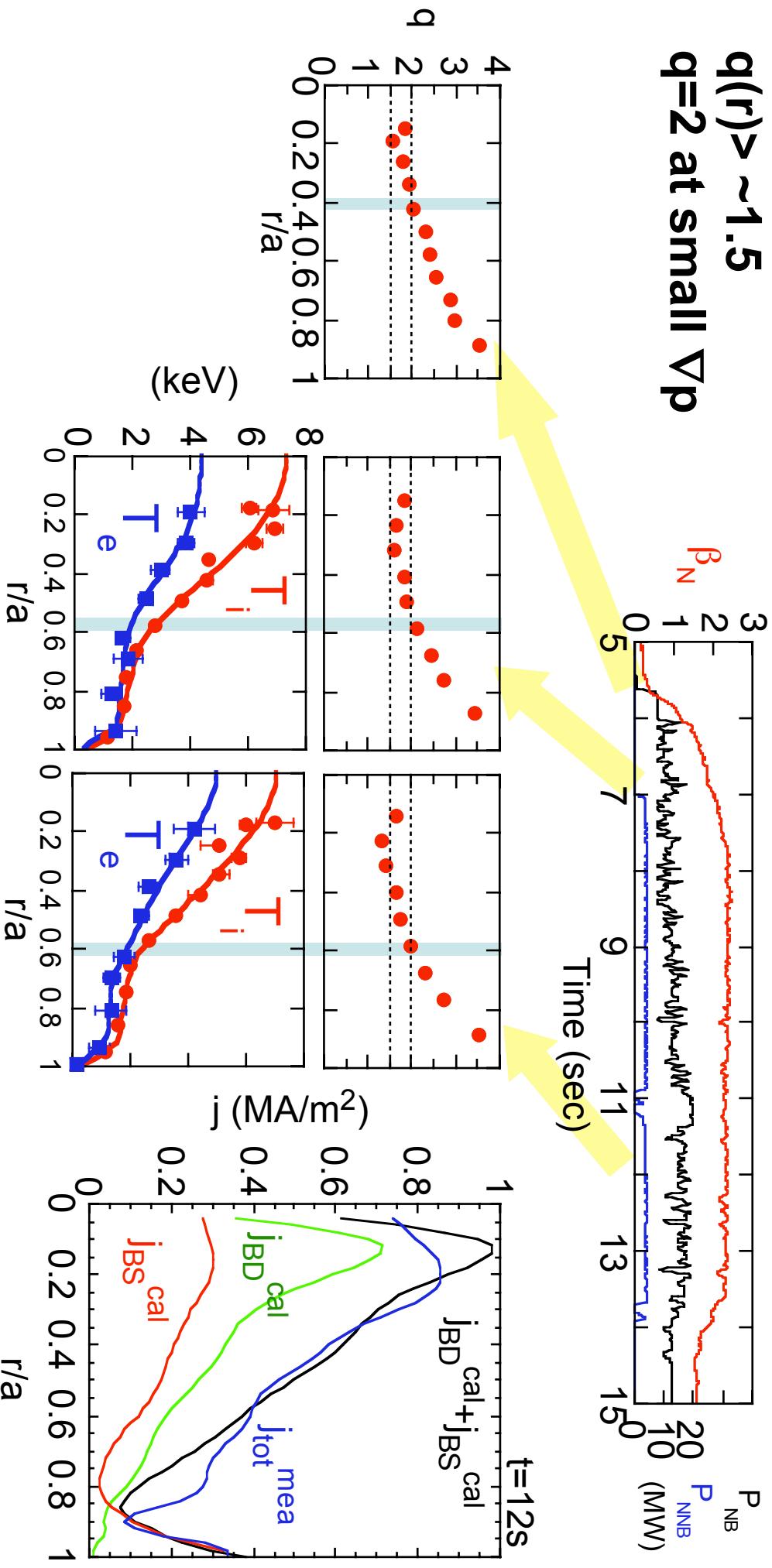


Avoidance of NTM by optimization of $q(r)$

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Avoidance of NTM: alignment of ∇p and $q=m/n$ ($3/2$, $2/1$, ...)

$p(r)$ and $q(r)$: optimized by feedback control (W_{dia}) and injection timing of NBs



Reversed shear plasma regime with larger bootstrap current fraction

Target :

Long sustainment ($>\tau_R$)

large f_{BS} under full CD

Issue :

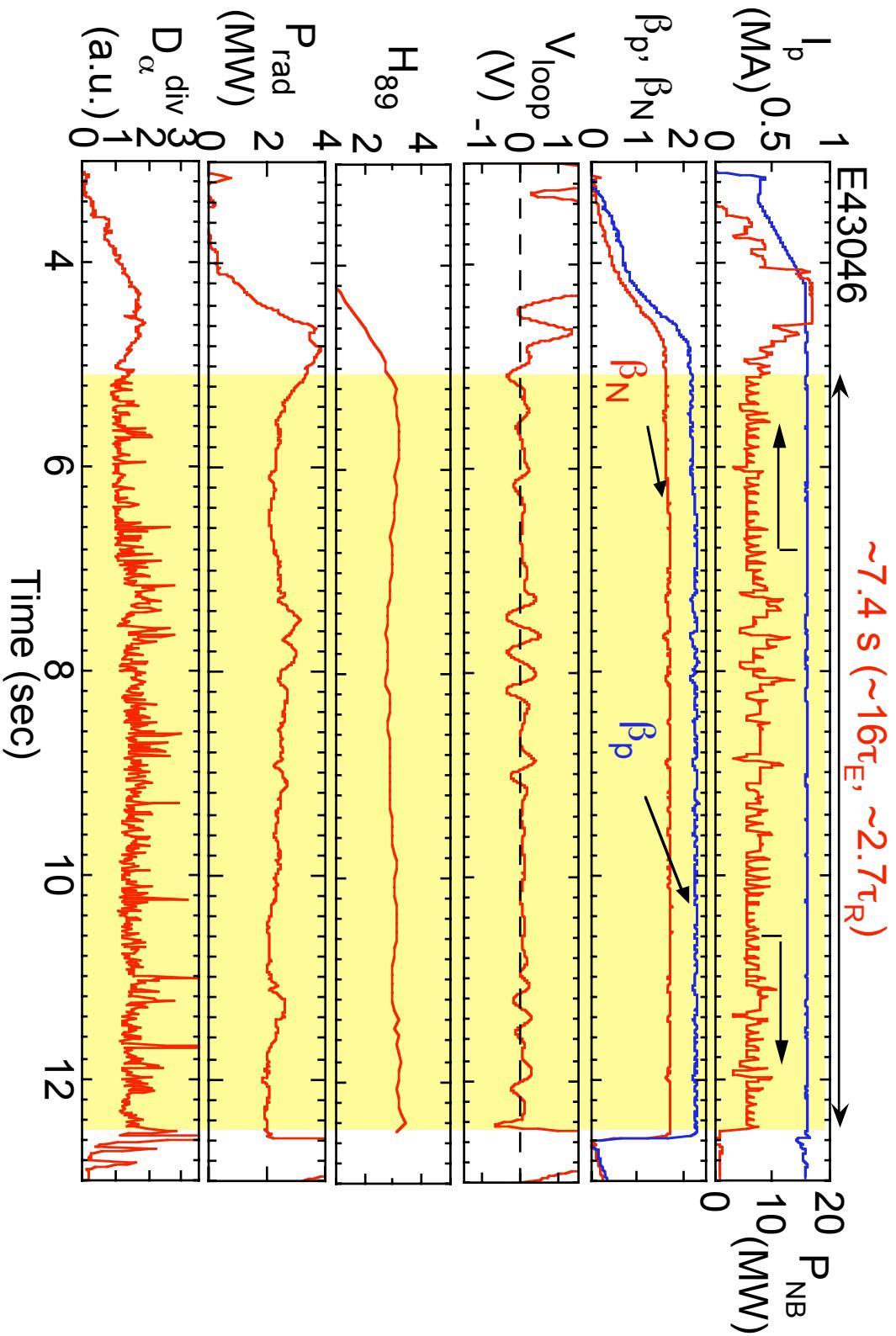
ITB control

under the plasma with large f_{BS} characterized by
strong linkage between $p(r)$ & $j(r)$.

$f_{BS} \sim 75\% \text{ sustained for } \sim 7.4 \text{ s } (\sim 2.7 \tau_R)$

JT-60U

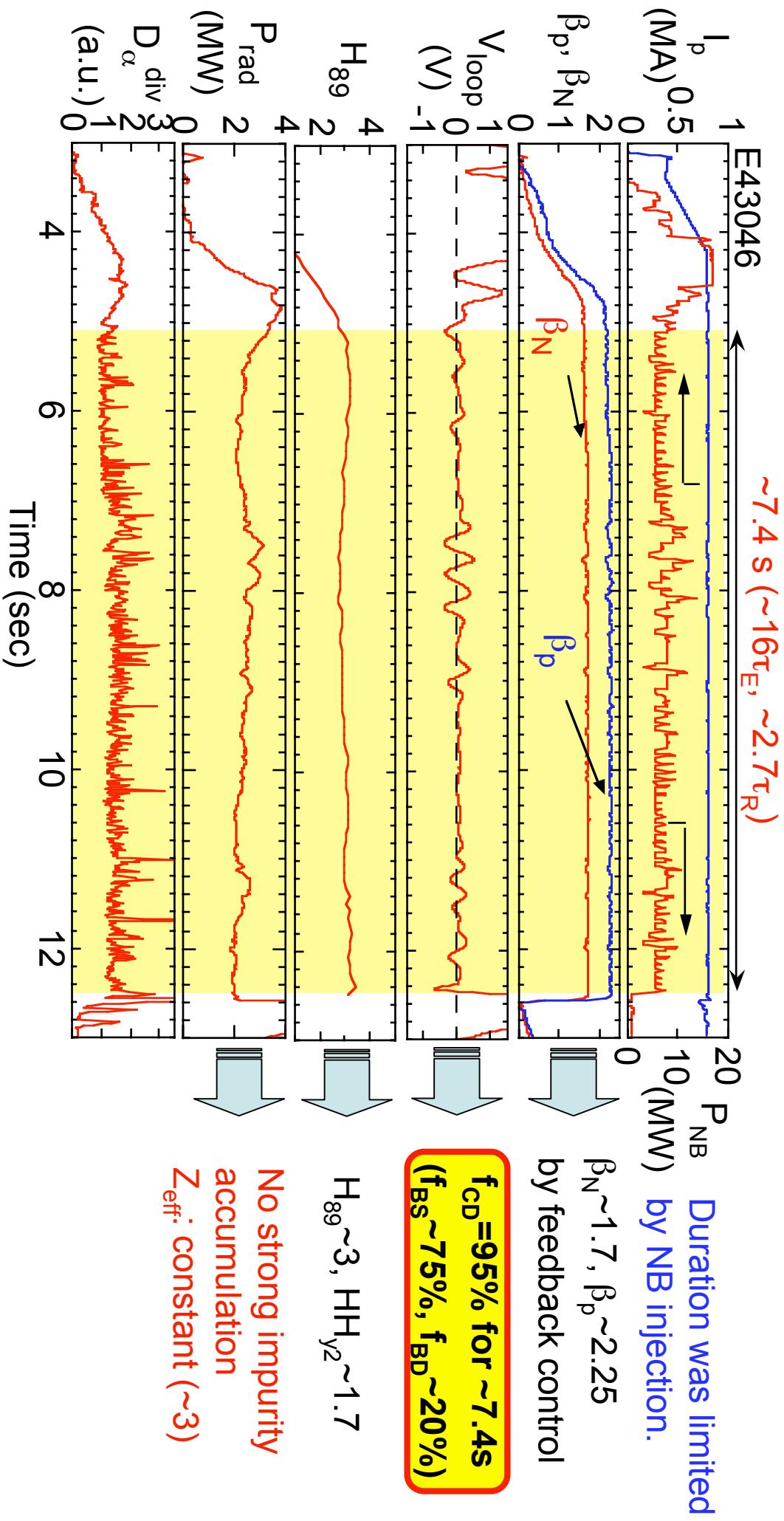
Scenario: Reversed shear ELMy H-mode (3.4 T , 0.8 MA , $q_{95} \sim 8.6$, $\delta \sim 0.42$)
Non-inductive CD: Bootstrap dominant & $P_{NB}^{inj}(\text{co}) = 3.2 \text{ MW}$



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JT-60U

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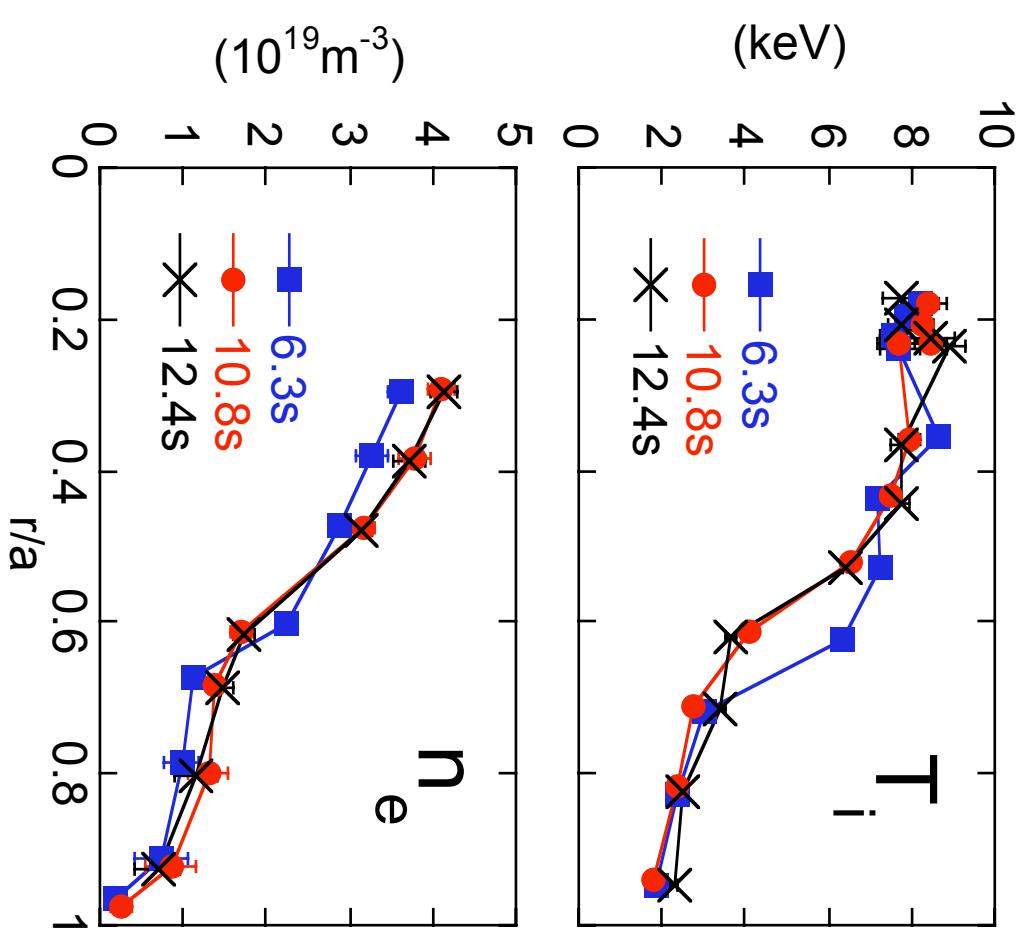
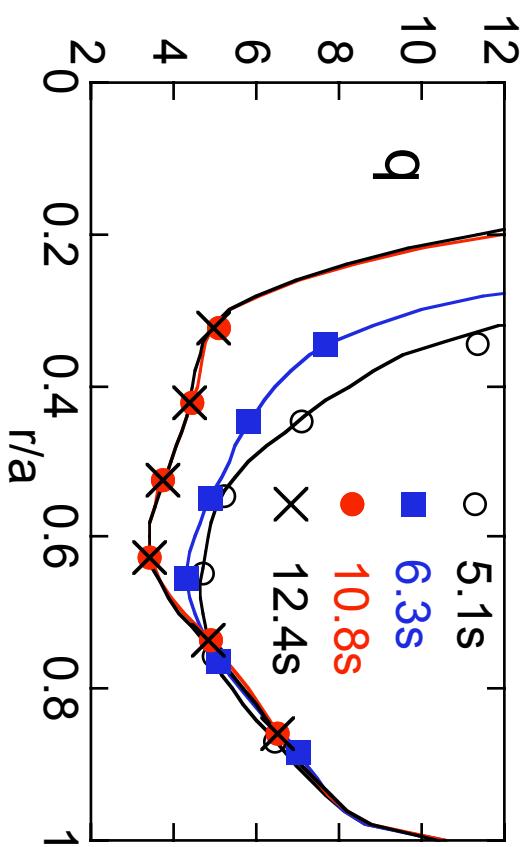


q and pressure profiles reached stationary condition with $f_{BS} \sim 75\%$

Strong RS ($s \sim 1.5$) --> Weaker ($s \sim 0.8$)

ITB & ETB are formed.

ITB radii decrease by change in $q(r)$.



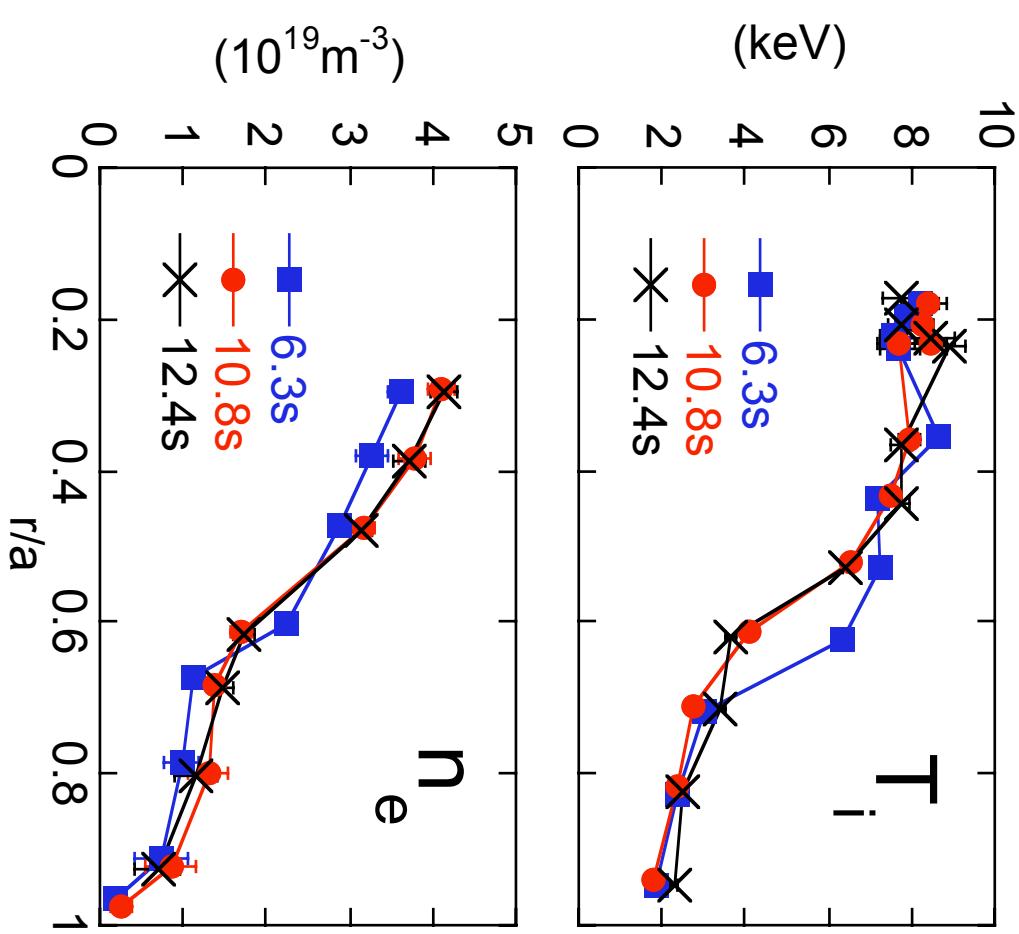
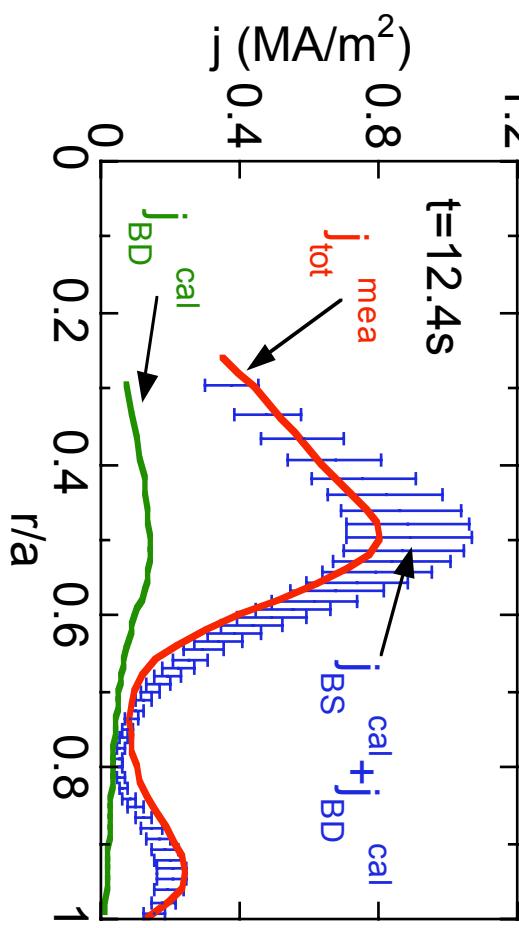
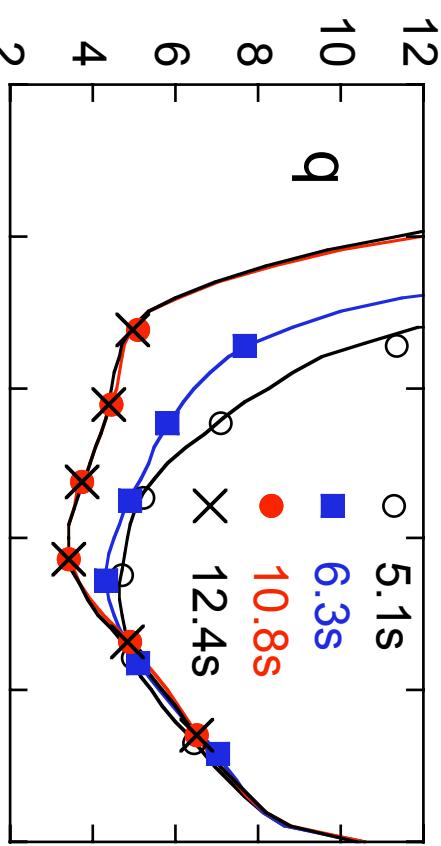
q and pressure profiles reached stationary condition with $f_{BS} \sim 75\%$ $JT-60U$

Strong RS ($s \sim 1.5$) \rightarrow Weaker ($s \sim 0.8$)

$j_{BS} + j_{BD}$ agrees well $j_{tot} \rightarrow j_{OH}$ is small

ITB & ETB are formed.

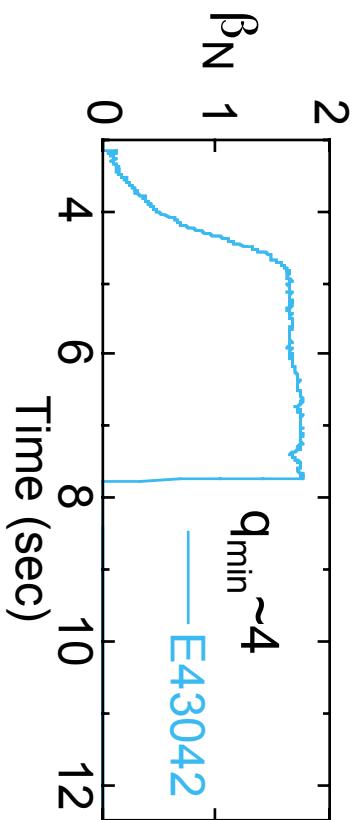
ITB radii decrease by change in $q(r)$.



▽ T_i reduction at ITB through rotation control enable long sustainment

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Reversed shear plasma frequently disrupted at $q_{min} \sim$ integer.

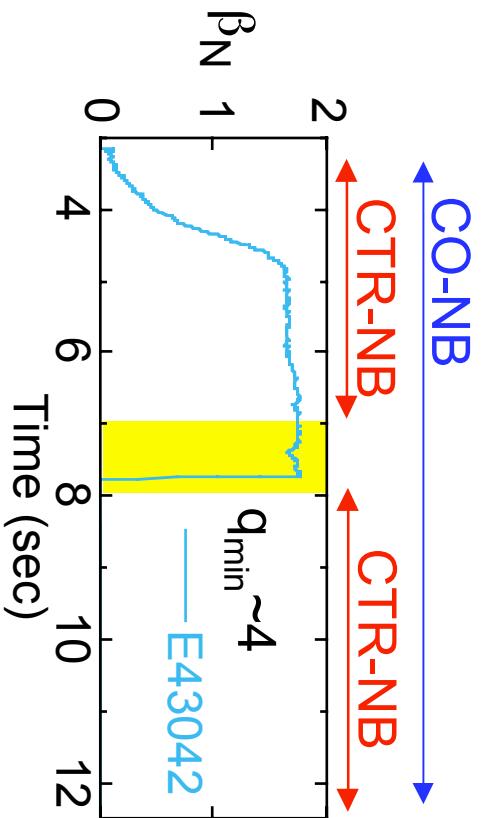


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Reversed shear plasma frequently disrupted at $q_{min} \sim$ integer.

ITB control by toroidal rotation to avoid disruption for the plasma with strong linkage between $p(r)$ & $j(r)$. ITB control by V_T : IAEA 2000 (Y. Sakamoto)



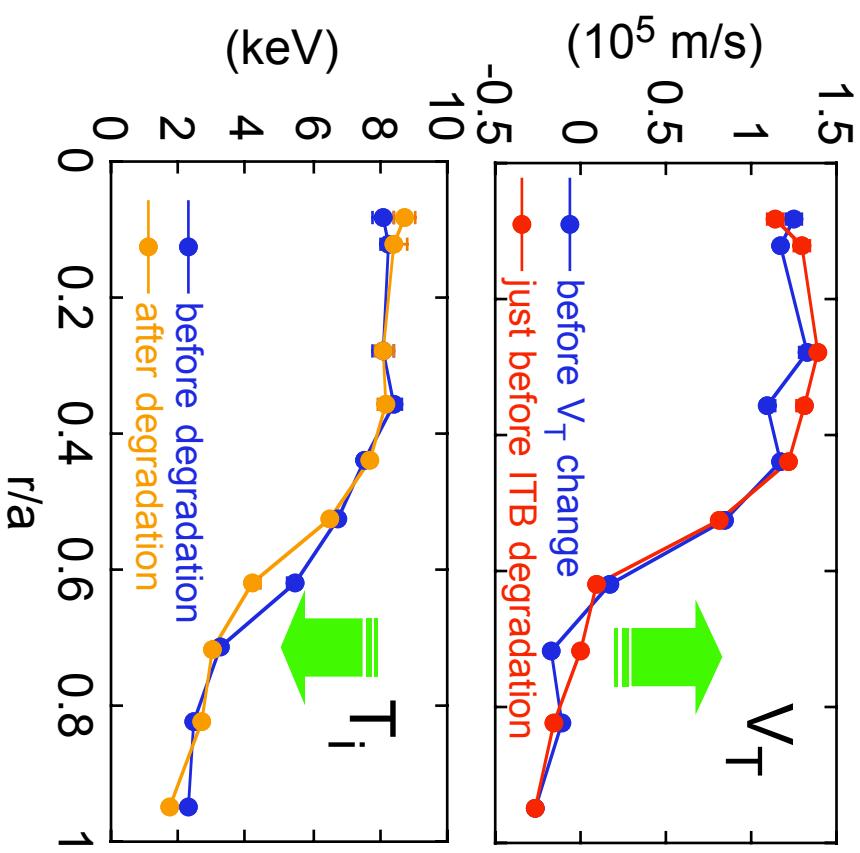
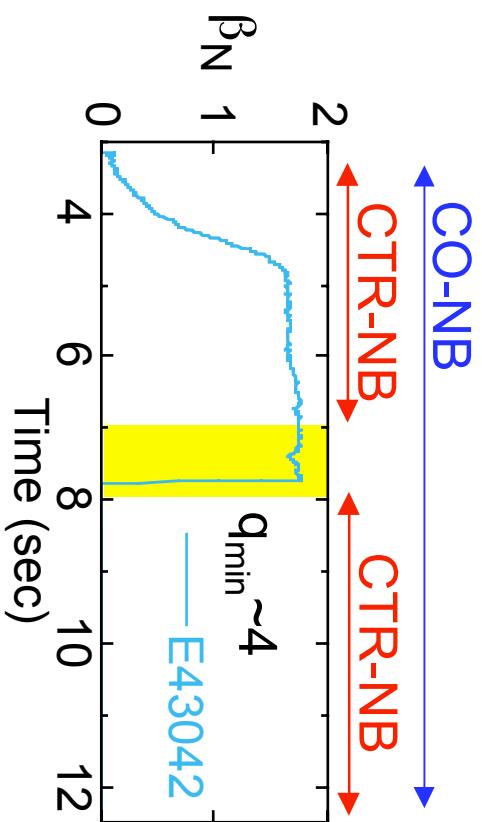
In this phase,
combination of tang-NB was changed
from CO(~3MW)+CTR(~0.8MW)
to CO(~3MW) + no CTR.
This change drives CO rotation.

▽ T_i reduction at ITB through rotation control enable long sustainment

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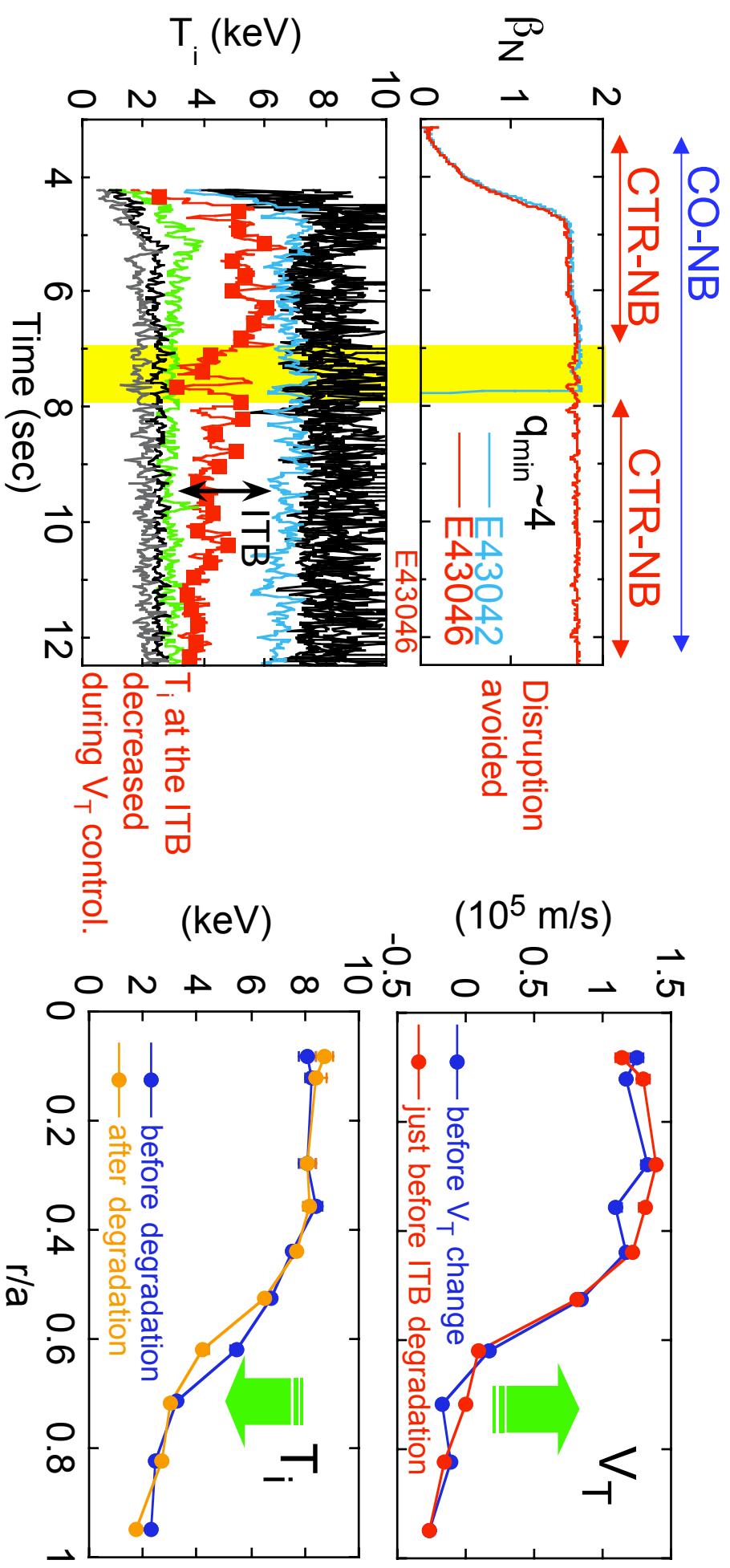


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Summary

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Towards steady state operation of tokamak,

JT-60U has made significant progress in terms of long sustainment of plasmas with large f_{BS} in two regimes.

(1) Weak shear regime

High integrated performance plasma with $f_{BS} \sim 45\%$ was sustained for $\sim 5.8s$ ($\sim 2.8\tau_R$) under nearly full non-inductive CD.

(2) Reversed shear regime

Quite high confinement ($HH \sim 1.7$) plasma with $f_{BS} \sim 75\%$ was sustained for $\sim 7.4s$ ($\sim 2.7\tau_R$) under nearly full non-inductive CD.

ITB control through rotation for the plasma with strong linkage between $p(r)$ & $j(r)$ was demonstrated, which enable long sustainment.

